Case 4:18-cv-09088-VAP-SS Document 55 Filed 08/17/20 Page 1 of 128 Page ID #:656

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TO THE COURT, ALL PARTIES, AND THEIR COUNSEL OF RECORD:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c), Local Rule 79-5.2.2, and the Court's inherent authority over its own files and records, Plaintiff Tracy Chapman ("Plaintiff") applies for leave to file under seal the following documents attached in <u>unredacted</u> form to the concurrently filed Sealed Declaration of Nicholas Frontera in support:

- 1. Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment; Memorandum of Points and Authorities in support of Motion for Partial Summary Judgment, attached in redacted form hereto as **Exhibit A** and attached in unredacted form as **Exhibit A** to the Frontera Declaration in support of this Application for Leave to File Under Seal.
- 2. Plaintiff's Separate Statement of Undisputed Material Facts in Support of Motion for Partial Summary Judgment, attached in redacted form hereto as <a href="Exhibit B"><u>Exhibit B</u></a> and attached in unredacted form as <a href="Exhibit B"><u>Exhibit B</u></a> to the Frontera Declaration in support of this Application for Leave to File Under Seal.
- 3. Pages 68:1-69:25 (App'x pp. 59-60) of the Excerpts of the Transcript of the Deposition of Onika Tanya Maraj, attached in redacted form hereto as <a href="Exhibit C">Exhibit C</a> as well as to the Declaration of Nicholas Frontera in Support of Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment as <a href="Exhibit 6">Exhibit 6</a> and attached in unredacted form as <a href="Exhibit C">Exhibit C</a> to the Frontera Declaration in support of this Application for Leave to File Under Seal. (Designating Party: Defendant Onika Tanya Maraj.)
- 4. The August 3 August 7, 2018 text messages between Onika Tanya Maraj and Nas, attached in redacted form hereto as **Exhibit D** as well as to the Declaration of Nicholas Frontera in Support of Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment as **Exhibit 17** and attached in unredacted form as **Exhibit D** to the Frontera Declaration in support of this Application for

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- Leave to File Under Seal. (Designating Party: Defendant Onika Tanya
   Maraj.)
  - 5. Pages 100:24-104:35 (App'x pp. 160-63) and pages 132:1-133:25 (App'x pp. 164-65.) of the Excerpts of the Transcript of the deposition of Aston George Taylor, attached in redacted form hereto as **Exhibit E** as well as to the Declaration of Nicholas Frontera in Support of Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment as **Exhibit 16** and attached in unredacted form as **Exhibit E** to the Frontera Declaration in support of this Application for Leave to File Under Seal. (**Designating Party: Aston George Taylor/Defendant Onika Tanya Maraj.**)
  - 6. The August 3 August 11, 2018 Instagram direct messages between Defendant Onika Tanya Maraj and Aston George Taylor, attached in redacted form hereto as **Exhibit F** as well as to the Declaration of Nicholas Frontera in Support of Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment as **Exhibit 15** and attached in unredacted form as **Exhibit F** to the Frontera Declaration in support of this Application for Leave to File Under Seal. (**Designating Party: Aston George Taylor/Defendant Onika Tanya Maraj.**)

Although there is a strong presumption in favor of access to court documents, courts may seal documents if the party seeking to seal a judicial record demonstrates a "compelling reason." *In re Roman Catholic Archbishop of Portland in Oregon*, 661 F.3d 417, 429 (9th Cir. 2011). Plaintiff is seeking to file these documents under seal pursuant to United States District Court for the Central District of California Local Rule 79-5.2.2(b) because those documents were designated confidential by Defendant Onika Tanya Maraj ("Defendant") and Aston George Taylor ("Mr. Taylor") pursuant to a Protective Order in this action. (Dkt. No. 21.) A true and correct copy of the Protective Order requires that Protected Materials,

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including those marked "confidential" pursuant to the Protective Order, be filed under seal absent written authorization from the Designating Party.

Pursuant to Local Rule 79-5.2.2(b), counsel for Plaintiff separately met and conferred with counsel for Defendant and counsel for Taylor regarding the need to file the documents and testimony at issue under seal.

With regard to the documents designated by Defendant, counsel exchanged various emails and also met and conferred telephonically on August 14, 2020 to attempt to eliminate the need to file under seal. After meeting and conferring, the documents and testimony that Defendant has designated as confidential and believes should be sealed consist of text messages between Defendant and Nas, who featured on the work at issue in this Action. While Plaintiff does not believe that these documents warrant sealing, in accordance with Local Rule 79-5.2.2(b), Plaintiff will not file such documents publicly absent an order by this Court ruling on this Application.

With regards to the documents at issue that were previously designated confidential by Mr. Taylor, on August 14, 2020, counsel for Mr. Taylor agreed in writing via email pursuant to Section 7.2 of the Protective Order that those documents may be filed publicly. However, during meet and confer discussions with counsel for Defendant, counsel for Defendant expressed that notwithstanding the fact that Mr. Taylor gave written consent to publicly file the documents and testimony he designated confidential, Defendant believes that certain of those documents—documents reflecting "[Ms. Maraj's] private communications with [Mr. Taylor] and [Mr. Taylor's] deposition testimony describing those communications"—should nevertheless be filed under seal because they "implicate[] [Ms. Maraj's] privacy interests." Plaintiff does not agree that the Protective Order grants Defendant the right to insist that documents and testimony produced by or obtained from a non-party be maintained confidential after the non-party has agreed in writing that the documents may be publicly filed. Nor does

Plaintiff agree that such documents warrant sealing based on their contents. 1 However, in accordance with Local Rule 79-5.2.2(b), Plaintiff will not file such 2 documents publicly absent an order by this Court ruling on this Application. 3 4 Pursuant to Local Rule 79-5.2.2(b)(ii), in the event any portion of this 5 Application is denied, Plaintiff will file the applicable documents in their entirety for public view and consideration by the Court. 6 7 8 9 Respectfully submitted, Dated: August 17, 2020 10 MANATT, PHELPS & PHILLIPS, LLP John M. Gatti 11 Lauren J. Fried Nicholas Frontera 12 By: /s/ John M. Gatti 13 John M. Gatti Attorneys for Plaintiff TRACY CHAPMAN 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

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### [REDACTED] EXHIBIT A

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OF PLAINTIFF TRACY CHAPMAN

#### TO DEFENDANTS AND THEIR ATTORNEYS OF RECORD:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT on September 14, 2020 at 2:00 p.m., or as soon thereafter as this matter may be heard, in Courtroom No. 8A of the United States District Court for the Central District of California, located at 350 West 1st Street, Los Angeles, California 90012, Plaintiff Tracy Chapman ("Ms. Chapman"), by and through her undersigned attorneys, will and hereby does move under Rule 56 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure for partial summary judgment in her favor as to liability for her cause of action for copyright infringement in her Complaint against Defendant Onika Tanya Maraj p/k/a Nicki Minaj ("Ms. Maraj").

Ms. Chapman is entitled to partial summary judgment on her claim for copyright infringement liability because there are no genuine disputes as to any material facts with regard to Ms. Maraj's actions. It is undisputed that beginning in June 2018, Ms. Maraj and her representatives and/or agents made multiple requests to license Ms. Chapman's copyright in her well-known musical composition *Baby Can I Hold You* (the "Composition") for use in Ms. Maraj's recording (featuring Nas) *Sorry* (the "Infringing Work"), which Ms. Maraj created without Ms. Chapman's consent for inclusion on Ms. Maraj's then-forthcoming album, *Queen* (the "Album").

Ms. Chapman, through her agents and representatives, repeatedly denied Ms. Maraj's after-the-fact requests to use the Composition. Notwithstanding those denials, Ms. Maraj continued working on the Infringing Work and publicizing it on social media. Ultimately, while Ms. Maraj did not include the Infringing Work on the Album, she distributed the Infringing Work to a well-known disc jockey at the popular New York City radio station HOT 97, who promoted the Infringing Work on his social media accounts, stating that Ms. Maraj had given him something that is "Confidential". The disc jockey then played the Infringing Work on HOT 97, and, possibly, through other outlets. None of Ms.

Maraj's actions relating to her liability are debatable. The facts are undisputed. Ms.

1 Maraj violated Ms. Chapman's copyright by creating an illegal derivative work and 2 distributing that work. Moreover, these actions were indisputably willful. Ms. Maraj had knowledge of the illegality of her actions and proceeded. Thus, Ms. 3 4 Chapman's copyright claim is appropriate for summary judgment. This Motion is based on this Notice of Motion, the accompanying 5 6 Memorandum of Points and Authorities, the concurrently filed Statement of 7 Undisputed Material Facts and Conclusions of Law, the concurrently filed 8 Declarations of Tracy Chapman and Nicholas Frontera, the concurrently lodged 9 proposed Order, all other pleadings and papers on file in this action, and upon such 10 argument and/ or evidence that the Court may consider at or before the hearing on this motion. 11 12 Pursuant to Local Rule 7-3, this Motion is made following the conference of 13 counsel, which took place on July 29, 2020. Due to the global pandemic, the parties 14 were unable to meet in-person, but did meet and confer telephonically. During the 15 conference, counsel for the parties thoroughly discussed the substance of the arguments set forth herein, as well as potential resolution of the disagreements, in an 16 17 attempt to eliminate the need for this Motion; the parties were unable to reach an agreement obviating the necessity for this motion. 18 19 Respectfully submitted, Dated: August 17, 2020 20 MANATT, PHELPS & PHILLIPS, LLP John M. Gatti 21 Lauren J. Fried Nicholas Frontera 22 By: /s/ John M. Gatti 23 John M. Gatti Attorneys for Plaintiff TRACY CHAPMAN 24 25 26

27

1			TABLE OF CONTENTS	
2				Page
3	I.		RODUCTION	1
4	II.	FAC	CTUAL BACKGROUND	
5		A.	Plaintiff Tracy Chapman and the Composition	
_		B.	Defendant Onika Tanya Maraj and Infringing Work	
6 7		C.	Ms. Chapman Denies Ms. Maraj's Various Requests for Authorization to Use the Composition in the Infringing Work	
8		D.	Ms. Maraj Continues to Create and Distributes the Infringing Work Despite the Denials	6
	III.	LEG	GAL STANDARD	
9	IV.	MS. DISI	MARAJ'S INFRINGING WILLFUL CONDUCT IS NOT PUTEN AND IS THEREFORE SUBJECT TO SUMMARY	10
			GMENT	
11		A. B.	Ms. Chapman Owns a Valid Copyright in the Composition Ms. Maraj Willfully Created an Unauthorized Derivative Work	
12		ъ.		
13			Derivative Work, i.e., the Infringing Work	
14			2. Ms. Maraj's Actions in Creating an Unauthorized Derivative Work Were Willful As a Matter of Law	14
15		C.	Ms. Maraj Willfully Distributed the Infringing Work	16
16			1. The Undisputed Facts Establish that Ms. Maraj Distributed the Infringing Work	16
17			2. The Undisputed Evidence Establishes that Ms. Maraj's Distribution was Willful	19
18	V.	CON	NCLUSION	
19				
20				
21				
22				
23				
24				
25				
26				
27				
28				
PHELPS & S, LLP			; MOTION FOR PARTIAL SUMMARY JUI	DGMENT

1	TABLE OF AUTHORITIES
2	Page
3	CASES
4	A&M Records, Inc. v. Napster, Inc.,
5	239 F.3d 1004 (9th Cir. 2001)
6	Anderson v. Liberty Lobby, Inc.,
7	477 U.S. 242 (1986)
8	Axiom Foods, Inc. v. Acerchem Int'l, Inc., 874 F.3d 1064 (9th Cir. 2017)14
9	Basic Books, Inc. v. Kinko's Graphics Corp.,
10	758 F. Supp. 1522 (S.D.N.Y. 1991)
11	Brave New Films $501(c)(4)$ v. Weiner,
12	626 F.Supp.2d 1013 (N.D. Cal. 2009)
13	Broadcast Music, Inc. v. McDade & Sons, Inc., 928 F. Supp. 2d 1120 (D. Ariz. 2013)
14	BWP Media USA, Inc. v. P3R, LLC,
15	2014 WL 3191160 (C.D. Cal. Jul. 3, 2014)
16	C.A.R. Transp. Brokerage Co., Inc. v. Darden Restaurants, Inc., 213 F.3d 474 (9th. Cir. 2000)
17	Celotex Corp. v. Catrett,
18	477 U.S. 317 (1986)
19	Columbia Pictures Television v. Krypton Bd. of Birmingham, Inc.,
20	106 F.3d 284 (9th Cir. 1997)
21	Edu. Testing Serv. v. Simon, 95 F. Supp. 2d 1081 (C.D. Cal. 1999)11, 13
22	Feist Publ'ns, Inc. v. Rural Tel. Serv. Co.,
23	499 U.S. 340 (1991)
24	Fox Broad. Co., Inc. v. Dish Network L.L.C., 747 F.3d 1060 (9th Cir. 2013)12
25	Fox Film Corp. v. Doyal,
26	286 U.S. 123 (1932)
27	Gilliam v. American Broadcasting Cos.,
28	538 F.2d 14 (2nd Cir. 1976)
HELPS & , LLP	;; MOTION FOR PARTIAL SUMMARY JUDGMENT

1	TABLE OF AUTHORITIES	
2	(Continued)	
3	Pag Gregory v. United States,	;e
4	178 F.3d 1294 (6th Cir. 1999)	10
5	Hearst Corp. v. Stark, 639 F. Supp. 970 (N.D. Cal. 1986)	14
6 7	Holley v. Crank, 400 F.3d 667 (9th Cir. 2004)	16
8	Marisa Christina, Inc. v. Bernard Chaus, Inc., 808 F. Supp. 356 (S.D.N.Y. 1992)	11
10	Matsushita Elec. Indus. Co. v. Zenith Radio Corp., 475 U.S. 574 (1986)	10
11 12	Miksad v. Dialog Info. Servs., Inc., 900 F.2d 263 (9th Cir. 1990)	10
13	Peer Int'l Corp. v. Pausa Records, Inc.,         909 F.2d 1332 (9th Cir. 1990)	19
14 15	Perfect 10, Inc. v. Giganews, Inc., 847 F.3d 657 (9th Cir. 2017)	13
16	Religious Tech. Ctr. v. Netcom On-Line Commc'n Servs., Inc., 907 F. Supp. 1361 (N.D. Cal. 1995)	13
17 18	Rentmeester v. Nike, Inc., 883 F.3d 1111 (9th Cir. 2018)	11
19 20	S.O.S., Inc. v. Payday, Inc., 886 F.2d 1081 (9th Cir. 1989)11, 1	16
21	Sega Enters. Ltd. v. MAPHIA, 948 F. Supp. 923 (N.D. Cal. 1996)	14
22 23	Stewart v. Abend, 495 U.S. 207 (1990)	. 1
24	<i>UMG Recordings, Inc. v. Disco Azteca Distribs., Inc.,</i> 446 F. Supp. 2d 1164 (E.D. Cal. 2006)11,	
<ul><li>25</li><li>26</li></ul>	Warner Bros. Entm't Inc. v. Duhy, No. CV 09-5798-GHK, 2009 WL 5177956 (C.D. Cal. Nov. 30,	_
27	2009)	19
28	Washington Shoe Co. v. A-Z Sporting Goods Inc., 704 F.3d 668 (9th Cir. 2012)	14
HELPS & , LLP	;;; MOTION FOR PARTIAL SUMMARY	

PHILLIPS, LLP

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### **MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES**

### I. INTRODUCTION

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It is the bedrock principle of Copyright Law that an author of an original work has the right to control how her work is exploited. "In fact, [the Supreme Court] has held that a copyright owner has the capacity arbitrarily to refuse to license one who seeks to exploit the work." *Stewart v. Abend*, 495 U.S. 207, 229 (1990) (citing *Fox Film Corp. v. Doyal*, 286 U.S. 123, 127 (1932)).

This case presents a prototypical example of copyright infringement through violation of this basic principle. Defendant Onika Tanya Maraj p/k/a Nicki Minaj ("Ms. Maraj") sought a license to interpolate Plaintiff Tracy Chapman's ("Ms. Chapman") hit song Baby Can I Hold You (the "Composition") in Ms. Maraj's song Sorry (the "Infringing Work") for her then-forthcoming album Queen (the "Album"). Ms. Chapman, who has a long-established and well-known practice of denying derivative uses of her works, clearly and unequivocally denied Ms. Maraj's request for use multiple times. Unhappy with this result, the day after receiving the final denial from Ms. Chapman's attorney, Ms. Maraj continued working on the Infringing Work and devised a plan to promote her Album by distributing the Infringing Work on the radio through a prominent New York disc jockey, Aston George Taylor p/k/a Funkmaster Flex ("Mr. Taylor"). Specifically, Ms. Maraj personally reached out to Mr. Taylor and asked him to play the Infringing Work on his popular radio show the same week her album, Queen, debuted, and, that she would text him the Infringing Work. Within 24 hours, Mr. Taylor received the Infringing Work, posted on social media that he had received the Infringing Work from Ms. Maraj, and, ultimately, played the Infringing Work on his radio show the night after Ms. Maraj's album release. The Infringing Work went viral and was reposted all over the Internet, causing Ms. Chapman to incur significant expenses in connection with, among other things issuing takedown notices, and necessitating this lawsuit.

Each of these facts is indisputable based on the documentary evidence and testimony in the record. Ms. Maraj's actions constitute copyright infringement on multiple fronts and lack any legal justification.

Based on the foregoing, Ms. Chapman respectfully requests this Court grant her motion for partial summary judgment as to the issue of liability for copyright infringement, and enter a judgment in favor of Ms. Chapman, and against Ms. Maraj, concluding that: (1) Ms. Maraj infringed Ms. Chapman's Composition by creating the Infringing Work without permission, (2) Ms. Maraj's conduct was willful, (3) Ms. Maraj infringed Ms. Chapman's Composition by distributing the Infringing Work, and (4) Ms. Maraj's conduct was willful. Should the Court grant this Motion, and, respectfully, it should, the only remaining issue will be the amount of damages, including fees and costs, to which Ms. Chapman is entitled.

### II. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

### A. Plaintiff Tracy Chapman and the Composition

Ms. Chapman is an internationally known Grammy Award-winning singer, songwriter, and musician who first gained popularity in the late 1980s. Ms. Chapman's self-titled debut album, which she released in 1988, features such hits as the Composition and *Fast Car*. The Composition was a huge success, and reached the Top 50 on Billboard Magazine's Hot 100 chart. Ms. Chapman's debut album was a triumph, garnering Ms. Chapman a 1989 Grammy Award for Best Contemporary Folk Album and a nomination for Album of the Year. Ms. Chapman won two more Grammy Awards in 1989 for Best New Artist and for Best Female Pop Vocal Performance for *Fast Car*. Ms. Chapman's achievements continued throughout her career. During the 1990s and 2000s, Ms. Chapman received several more Grammy nominations, including for Best Rock Song for *Give Me One Reason*, which she won, and many other awards. At every turn, Ms. Chapman's music has been critically acclaimed and respected.

Ms. Chapman wrote the Composition in 1982, and obtained a copyright

registration for the work (and other musical compositions)—PAu000556755—from the United States Copyright Office on October 20, 1983. (Undisputed Fact ("UF") 1, 2, Declaration of Nicholas Frontera ("Frontera Decl."), ¶ 5, Ex. 4; *id.* at ¶ 27, Ex. 26; Declaration of Tracy Chapman ("Chapman Decl.") at ¶ 2.)¹ Ms. Chapman later entered into a co-publishing agreement with, and granted a partial assignment of the copyright in the Composition to, SBK April Music, Inc. ("SBK"). (Chapman Decl. at ¶ 4.) SBK later obtained a copyright registration for the Composition-PA0000417830—on or about May 5, 1989, listing it and Purple Rabbit Music, Chapman's publishing designee, as the copyright claimants. (Frontera Decl., ¶ 6, Ex. 5; Chapman Decl. at ¶ 3.) On May 15, 2016, SBK's rights in the Composition transferred back to Ms. Chapman, making her the sole owner of the copyright in the Composition. (UF 3, Chapman Decl., ¶ 4, Ex. 1.)

### B. <u>Defendant Onika Tanya Maraj and Infringing Work</u>

Ms. Maraj is a well-known rapper and hip hop recording artist. In 2017, Ms. Maraj began recording the Infringing Work. (UF 4 Frontera Decl., ¶ 7, Ex. 6 (Deposition of Onika Tanya Maraj ("Maraj Dep.") at 50:25-51:3.) The Infringing Work features fellow rapper and hip hop recording artist Nasir bin Olu Dara Jones p/k/a Nas ("Nas"). (UF 5, Frontera Decl., ¶ 7, Ex. 6 (Maraj Dep. at 50:25-51:3.)) Ms. Maraj hoped to include the Infringing Work on her upcoming album *Queen*. (Frontera Decl., ¶ 8, Ex. 7 at p. 71, ¶ 19.) Ms. Maraj acknowledged that the Infringing Work was a "musical interpolation . . . that incorporated music and lyrics from the Composition." (UF 6-8, Frontera Decl., ¶ 8, Ex. 7 at p. 71, ¶¶ 19, 20.) Specifically, Ms. Maraj admitted "that the Infringing Work uses a majority of the Composition's lyrics." (UF 7 Frontera Decl., ¶ 9, Ex. 8 at p. 81 (Suppl. Resp. to RFA No. 8); *id.* at ¶ 10, Ex. 9 (containing side by side comparison of the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Declaration of Tracy Chapman and the Declaration of Nicholas Frontera are attached to Plaintiff's Appendix of Evidence in Support of Motion for Partial Summary Judgment. All references to page numbers are to the consecutively numbered pages of the Appendix. References to "UF" are to the undisputed facts contained in Plaintiff's Separate Statement of Undisputed Facts.

Composition and the Infringing Work); *id.* at ¶ 9, Ex. 8 at p. 81 (Suppl. Resp. to RFA No. 10) (admitting lyrics were accurately listed in exhibit).) Because of this, Ms. Maraj "knew that [she] needed a License to use the Composition in the Infringing Work in order to include the Infringing Work on [her] album Queen." (UF 9, Frontera Decl., ¶ 9, Ex. 8 at p. 80 (Suppl. Resp. to RFA No. 5).) Despite this, Ms. Maraj began recording the Infringing Work, which interpolates the Composition, without first seeking Ms. Chapman's authorization to do so. (Frontera Decl., ¶ 8, Ex. 7 at p. 71, ¶ 20.)

## C. <u>Ms. Chapman Denies Ms. Maraj's Various Requests for</u> Authorization to Use the Composition in the Infringing Work

On May 23, 2018, Joshua Berkman ("Mr. Berkman"), a representative from Ms. Maraj's record label, Republic Records, e-mailed Deborah Mannis-Gardner ("Ms. Mannis-Gardner") of DMG Clearances, Inc., the number one clearance company in the world, to request that she obtain a clearance to use the Composition in the Infringing Work. (UF 11, Frontera Decl., ¶ 11, Ex. 10 at p. 99; id. at ¶ 12, Ex. 11 (Deposition of Deborah Mannis-Gardner ("Mannis-Gardner Dep.") at 107:11-108:8, 132:11-108:8, 133:9-14.)) Shortly thereafter, Ms. Mannis-Gardner notified Mr. Berkman that "if [the requested clearance song] is shelly thunder/foxy brown (sic) reggae version of Sorry written by Tracy Chapman then its (sic) not available for sampling." (UF 12, Frontera Decl., ¶ 11, Ex. 10 at p. 99; id. at ¶ 12, Ex. 11 (Mannis-Gardner Dep. at 110:10-110:14.)) Indeed, Ms. Mannis-Gardner knew that Ms. Chapman was on the "do not sample list"—an unwritten list of artists that are well-known in the music industry for not allowing samples of their works. (Frontera Decl., ¶ 12, Ex. 11 (Mannis-Gardner Dep. at 111:9-23, 115:14-116:4.)) Ms. Mannis-Gardner knew this based on her more than 30 years of industry and clearance experience. (Id.; see also id. at 132:11-108:8, 133:9-14, 134:21-135-3.)

Despite Ms. Mannis-Gardner notifying Mr. Berkman that Ms. Chapman did

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not allow for sampling, Mr. Berkman instructed Ms. Mannis-Gardner to attempt to clear the Infringing Work anyway. (UF 13, Frontera Decl., ¶ 13, Ex. 12; *id.* at ¶ 12, Ex. 11 (Mannis-Gardner Dep. at 112:19-114:3.)) Accordingly, on June 26, 2018, Ms. Mannis-Gardner contacted Gelfand, Rennert & Feldman, LLP ("Gelfand"), Ms. Chapman's business managers, to attempt to clear the Infringing Work. (Chapman Decl. at ¶ 5, Ex. 2 at p. 27; Frontera Decl., ¶ 12, Ex. 11 (Mannis-Gardner Dep. at 117:2-119:17, 120:20-121:12.)) In her request, Ms. Mannis-Gardner stated that "[w]hen . . . Tracy Chapman was with Sony/ATV her material was always denied", and asked "[i]s she still on the do not sample or interpolate list? I have an A LIST artist who wants to use the song Sorry." (Chapman Decl. at ¶ 5, Ex. 2 at p. 27.)

After a lengthy exchange, Ms. Mannis-Gardner submitted an official request

After a lengthy exchange, Ms. Mannis-Gardner submitted an official request for approval to license the Composition for use in the Infringing Work. (Chapman Decl. at ¶ 5, Ex. 2 at p. 26; Frontera Decl., ¶ 14, Ex. 13; *id.* at ¶ 12, Ex. 11 (Mannis-Gardner Dep. at 122:5-15.)) That request was passed along to Ms. Chapman, who instructed Gelfand to deny it. (UF 14, Chapman Decl. at ¶ 5.) As a result, on July 16, 2018, a Gelfand representative e-mailed Ms. Mannis-Gardner unequivocally stating that "the request has not been approved." (Chapman Decl. at ¶ 5, Ex. 2 at p. 25.) That same day, Ms. Mannis-Gardner forwarded the denial to Mr. Berkman. (UF 15, *Id.*; Frontera Decl., ¶ 12, Ex. 11 (Mannis-Gardner Dep. at 123:22-124:22.))

In spite of this denial, Ms. Maraj and her representatives continued to create the Infringing Work, including its interpolation of the Composition, and seek clearance from Ms. Chapman. On July 18, 2018, Mr. Berkman e-mailed Ms. Mannis-Gardner asking if they could "figure out a way to get to [Ms. Chapman] direct" to clear the song. (UF 16, Frontera Decl., ¶ 15, Ex. 14; *id.* at ¶ 12, Ex. 11 (Mannis-Gardner Dep. at 126:7-131:18.)) Ms. Mannis-Gardner reiterated: "Tracy doesn't approve samples or interpolations and the songs out there are not with consent. I am unfamiliar with Tracy's Mmgt or legal counsel. Im (sic) sorry." (*Id.*)

Nevertheless, Ms. Maraj and her representatives persisted. On July 27, 2018,

Gee Roberson, Ms. Maraj's personal manager, contacted Todd Gelfand of Gelfand requesting that he connect Ms. Chapman with Ms. Maraj to discuss an "idea [of Ms. Maraj's] that is one of the most personal for her that was inspired by [Ms. Chapman's] art that [Ms. Maraj] would like the opportunity to touchbase (sic) with [Ms. Chapman] about." (UF 16, Chapman Decl., ¶ 6, Ex. 3 at pp. 31-32; Frontera Decl. at ¶ 4.)

Days after Mr. Roberson's email, on August 1, 2018, Ms. Maraj personally attempted to reach Ms. Chapman through Twitter, tweeting out to her more than 10 million followers: "Tracy Chapman, can you please hit me . . . omg for the love of #Queen." (UF 17, Frontera Decl., ¶ 9, Ex. 8 at p. 83 (Suppl. Resp. to RFA No. 18).)

After being made aware of the fact that Ms. Maraj's representatives had once again sought her clearance approval despite her previous denial, Ms. Chapman instructed her attorney to inform Mr. Roberson that the use was denied. (UF 18, 19, Chapman Decl. at ¶ 6.) On August 2, 2018, Ms. Chapman's attorney wrote:

I have spoken to Ms. Chapman and while she appreciates the positive feelings of your client, you should know that she carefully protects her copyrights and in the normal course of business does not approve these kinds of requests. We hope that with this confirmation, your client will move on with the project without the requested sample. Thank you and your client for understanding.

(UF 20, Chapman Decl., ¶ 6, Ex. 3 at p. 31.) Mr. Roberson confirmed that he had been "made aware of the denied use via our email on Aug 2nd and the album is in stores without the requested sample." (Frontera Decl., ¶ 26, Ex. 25 at p. 222.)

# D. Ms. Maraj Continues to Create and Distributes the Infringing Work Despite the Denials

In the face of Ms. Chapman's repeated denials of authorization to use the Composition in the Infringing Work, Ms. Maraj developed a plan to release it to the public. On August 3, 2018, Ms. Maraj, from her verified Instagram account, sent a private direct message to Mr. Taylor, a popular New York disc jockey for hit radio

LOS ANGELES

1 station Hot 97 FM, confirming that she would not be releasing the Infringing Work 2 on the Album, but asking him to premiere the Infringing Work on his radio show. 3 Ms. Maraj wrote: 4 5 6 7 (UF 25, Frontera Decl., ¶ 16, Ex. 15 at p. 147 (emphasis added); id. at ¶ 17, Ex. 16 8 (Deposition of Aston George Taylor ("Taylor Dep.") at 159:7-162:18.)) 9 response, the same day, Mr. Taylor stated, "I will make a movie!!!!!" (UF 26, 10 Frontera Decl., ¶ 16, Ex. 15 at p. 147.) Mr. Taylor admitted his response meant he 11 would play the song, say he liked it, and make it exciting. (UF 26, Frontera Decl., ¶ 12 17, Ex. 16 ("Taylor Dep.") at 162:25-163:7.) 13 Having confirmed that Mr. Taylor would premiere the Infringing Work the 14 week her Album released, Ms. Maraj continued to finalize the Infringing Work with 15 Nas. The same day Ms. Maraj coordinated the release of the Infringing Work with 16 Mr. Taylor, she texted Nas: 17 (Frontera Decl., ¶ 18, Ex. 17 at p. 182; id. at ¶ 7, Ex. 6 (Maraj Dep. at 55:5-24; 18 56:15-19.)) After some additional discussion, Ms. Maraj sent Nas a link to 19 download the CONFIDENTIAL of the Infringing Work. (UF 22, Frontera Decl., ¶ 18, 20 Ex. 17 at p. 182; id. at ¶ 7, Ex. 6 (Maraj Dep. at 56:10-24.)) Ms. Maraj and Nas 21 then exchanged a number of texts discussing changes to the verses of the Infringing 22 Work, which still included the Composition. (Frontera Decl., ¶ 18, Ex. 17 at p. 23 184-85.) Ms. Maraj told Nas: " 24 (Id.)25 On August 5, 2020, Ms. Maraj informed Nas that the Infringing Work was 26 (UF 23, Frontera Decl., ¶ 18, Ex. 17 at p. 186; id. at ¶ 7, 27 Ex. 6 (Maraj Dep. at 59:12-60:2.)) On August 7, 2018, Nas asked Ms. Maraj if she 28 was ' (Frontera Decl., ¶

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     18, Ex. 17 at p. 187.) Ms. Maraj responded,
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                                (UF 24, Id.) Nas responded,
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     (Id.)
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           On August 10, 2018, Ms. Maraj released the Album without the Infringing
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     Work. (Frontera Decl., ¶ 8, Ex. 7 at p. 71, ¶ 19.) The same day she released the
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     Album, Ms. Maraj followed up with Mr. Taylor via direct message on August 10,
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     2018 stating:
     (UF 27, Frontera Decl., ¶ 16, Ex. 15 at p. 148.) Mr. Taylor then provided his phone
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     number and stated.
     (UF 28, Frontera Decl., ¶ 16, Ex. 15 at p. 148.) Ms. Maraj confirmed,
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           (UF 29, Frontera Decl., ¶ 16, Ex. 15 at p. 148.)
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           That same day, Ms. Maraj's lead recording engineer, Aubry Delaine ("Mr.
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     Delaine") texted David Castro at Chris Athens Masters, Inc. ("Chris Athens"), the
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     company that mastered Ms. Maraj's songs for the Album. (UF 30, Frontera Decl. ¶
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     28, at Ex. 27.) Mr. Delaine informed Mr. Castro that he would send a version of the
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     Infringing Work and asked that Chris Athens master the song and return both clean
     and explicit versions. (Frontera Decl. ¶ 19, Ex. 27.) Chris Athens mastered the
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     Infringing Work and sent Mr. Delaine links to download both a clean and an
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     explicit version of the Infringing Work the same day. (UF 30, 31, 32, Frontera
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     Decl., ¶ 19, Ex. 18 pp.; id. at ¶ 20, Ex. 19 (Deposition of Aubry Delaine ("Delaine
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     Dep.") at 206:16-208:4.)) The links only allowed for one download each. (UF 33,
     Frontera Decl., ¶ 19, Ex. 18 pp.; id. at ¶ 20, Ex. 19 (Delaine Dep. at 206:16-
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     208:4.)) Mr. Delaine testified that he never "sen[t] out any [unreleased] recordings
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     of Ms. Maraj's to a third party without [] receiving an instruction from Ms. Maraj to
     send out that recording[.]" (UF 34, Frontera Decl., ¶ 20, Ex. 19 (Delaine Dep. at
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     203:16-23.))
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           On August 11, 2018, Mr. Taylor posted on his Instagram and Twitter
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accounts promoting the debut of the Infringing Work on his show that night:

- "Shhhhhhh!!!! TONIGHT 7PM!!! NICKY GAVE ME SOMETHING!!! @nickiminaj ft @nas !!! (NOT ON HER ALBUM!) GONNA STOP THE CITY TONIGHT!!!!!!!!!" (UF 35, Frontera Decl., ¶ 21, Ex. 20; id. at ¶ 17, Ex. 16 (Taylor Dep. at 167:18-168:23).)
- "Shhhhhh!!!! TONIGHT 7PM!!! NICKI GAVE ME SOMETHING!!! @nickiminaj ft @nas !!! (NOT ON HER ALBUM!) GONNA STOP THE CITY TONIGHT!!!!!!!!!" (UF 35, Frontera Decl., ¶ 22, Ex. 21; *id.* at ¶ 17, Ex. 16 (Taylor Dep. at 170:1-171:12).)

Mr. Taylor received the Infringing Work via text sometime between (i) August 10, 2018 when Ms. Maraj told him she would text it to him and (ii) his first social media post promoting the show early afternoon the next day. (UF 36, Frontera Decl., ¶ 17, Ex. 16, (Taylor Dep. at 164:22-165:14; *id.* at 169:5-18; *id.* at 158:11-22 (confirming that he received the Infringing Work via text).)) The name of the file that Mr. Taylor received, "01 Sorry - 72518 - master.mp3" indicates that he received a mastered version of the Infringing Work. (UF 37, Frontera Decl., ¶ 23, Ex. 22 (Mr. Taylor emailing the file to one of his interns, DJ Heavy rotation); *id.* at ¶ 17, Ex. 16, (Taylor Dep. at 172:25, 174:22-176:21.))

On August 11, 2018 at 7 PM EST, Mr. Taylor broadcast his radio show on Hot 97 FM. (UF 38, Frontera Decl., ¶ 17, Ex. 16, (Taylor Dep. at 166:9-13, 173:17-23.)) Mr. Taylor played the Infringing Work during the broadcast. (UF 39, *Id.*) Hot 97 also subsequently posted the broadcast on its website. (Frontera Decl., ¶ 24, Ex. 23.) Additionally, Hot 97 posted a link on its Instagram to listen to the Infringing Work with a caption stating "If you missed it…hear it again". (Frontera Decl., ¶ 25, Ex. 24.)

In the following months, numerous copies of the Infringing Work were posted on the Internet. (Frontera Decl.,  $\P$  29.) As a result, Ms. Chapman was forced to incur significant expenses monitoring these improper postings and issuing DMCA takedown notices. (*Id.*) To this day, copies of the Infringing Work remain

LOS ANGELES

on the Internet despite various efforts by Ms. Chapman to have them taken down. (*Id.*)

### III. <u>LEGAL STANDARD</u>

Pursuant to Rule 56 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, summary judgment is proper where "there is no genuine dispute as to any material fact and the movant is entitled to judgment as a matter of law." Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(a); *Celotex Corp. v. Catrett*, 477 U.S. 317, 322 (1986). "Where the record taken as a whole could not lead a rational trier of fact to find for the nonmoving party, there is no 'genuine issue for trial." *Matsushita Elec. Indus. Co. v. Zenith Radio Corp.*, 475 U.S. 574, 586-87 (1986) (citations omitted). Put differently, "[t]he district court should grant summary judgment where the only reasonable conclusion to be drawn from the record supports the moving party." *Gregory v. United States*, 178 F.3d 1294 (6th Cir. 1999); *Miksad v. Dialog Info. Servs., Inc.*, 900 F.2d 263 (9th Cir. 1990). Once the moving party has met this standard, the burden shifts to the party opposing summary judgment to demonstrate a genuine issue for trial. *Anderson v. Liberty Lobby, Inc.*, 477 U.S. 242, 247 (1986). The opposing party must do so with specific facts. *Matsushita*, 475 U.S. at 586.

# IV. MS. MARAJ'S INFRINGING WILLFUL CONDUCT IS NOT DISPUTED AND IS THEREFORE SUBJECT TO SUMMARY JUDGMENT

Ms. Chapman seeks partial summary judgment as to Ms. Maraj's liability for copyright infringement. Ms. Maraj committed copyright infringement when she created a derivative work (*i.e.*, the Infringing Work) without authorization and when she distributed it. Moreover, Ms. Maraj's actions as to both creation and distribution were willful.

Ms. Chapman is entitled to summary adjudication on the issue of liability for copyright infringement because Ms. Maraj does not contest her use of the Composition in the Infringing Work and the undisputed facts establish that Ms. Maraj or one of her agents acting at her direction distributed the Infringing Work.

(See, supra, §§ II.B, II.D.) Further, the Court should summarily adjudicate the fact that Ms. Maraj's infringement "was committed willfully" within the meaning of 17 U.S.C.A. § 504(c)(2) because Ms. Maraj knew she needed clearance, was affirmatively denied clearance numerous times, yet acted anyway. This is the very definition of willful conduct.

To establish copyright infringement, a plaintiff must demonstrate: (1) that she owns a valid copyright; and (2) that defendant copied protected aspects of the work. Rentmeester v. Nike, Inc., 883 F.3d 1111, 1116-17 (9th Cir. 2018) (citing Feist Publ'ns, Inc. v. Rural Tel. Serv. Co., 499 U.S. 340, 361, (1991)). "The word 'copying' is shorthand for the infringing of any of the copyright owner's five exclusive rights" under 17 U.S.C. § 106. See A&M Records, Inc. v. Napster, Inc., 239 F.3d 1004, 1013 (9th Cir. 2001) (quoting S.O.S., Inc. v. Payday, Inc., 886 F.2d 1081, 1085 n.3 (9th Cir. 1989)). These exclusive rights include the right to reproduce, distribute, publicly display, perform, or create derivative works of the copyrighted work. 17 U.S.C. § 106.

A plaintiff need not demonstrate the defendant's intent to infringe the copyright in order to demonstrate copyright infringement. *UMG Recordings, Inc. v. Disco Azteca Distribs., Inc.*, 446 F. Supp. 2d 1164, 1172 (E.D. Cal. 2006); *see also Edu. Testing Serv. v. Simon*, 95 F. Supp. 2d 1081, 1087 (C.D. Cal. 1999) (copyright infringement "is a strict liability tort").

Here, Ms. Chapman is able to meet her burden.

### A. Ms. Chapman Owns a Valid Copyright in the Composition

A certificate of registration validly obtained from the Copyright Office within five years of first publication of a work constitutes *prima facie* evidence of the originality of the work and of the facts stated therein, including ownership. *See* 17 U.S.C. § 410(c). In this case, Ms. Chapman is entitled to this statutory presumption because she registered her copyright of the song with the Copyright Office within five years of publication. *Marisa Christina, Inc. v. Bernard Chaus, Inc.*, 808 F.

Supp. 356, 357 (S.D.N.Y. 1992).

It is undisputed that Ms. Chapman has always maintained rights to the Composition. (UF 1-3.) Ms. Chapman wrote the Composition in 1982, and obtained a copyright registration for the work (and other musical compositions) – PAu000556755 – from the United States Copyright Office on October 20, 1983. (UF 1-2, Frontera Decl., ¶ 6, Ex. 5; Chapman Decl. ¶ 2.) Although Ms. Chapman entered into a co-publishing agreement with SBK through which SBK obtained a partial assignment of the copyright in the Composition, SBK's rights in the Composition transferred back to Ms. Chapman, on May 15, 2016. (Chapman Decl., ¶ 4, Ex. 1.) Accordingly, Ms. Chapman is the sole owner of the copyright in the Composition. (UF 3, Chapman Decl., ¶ 4, Ex. 1.)

Ms. Maraj does not—and cannot—dispute Ms. Chapman's ownership. Therefore, Ms. Chapman is entitled to summary adjudication as to ownership.

### B. Ms. Maraj Willfully Created an Unauthorized Derivative Work

The Copyright Act bestows on the owner of a copyright certain exclusive rights, including the right to create and regulate derivative works. 17 U.S.C. §§ 106(1)-(3), 17 U.S.C. § 602(a). Ms. Maraj violated this exclusive right by creating a derivative work of Ms. Chapman's copyrighted work without authorization. Moreover, Ms. Maraj's violation was willful under the law.

# 1. <u>It is Undisputed That Ms. Maraj Created an Unauthorized Derivative Work, *i.e.*, the Infringing Work</u>

To prove direct copyright infringement, a plaintiff must demonstrate both ownership and "that the alleged infringers violated at least one exclusive right granted to copyright holders under 17 U.S.C. § 106." A&M Records, Inc., 239 F.3d at 1013. In addition, direct infringement requires the plaintiff to show causation, or "volitional conduct", by the defendant. See Fox Broad. Co., Inc. v. Dish Network L.L.C., 747 F.3d 1060, 1067 (9th Cir. 2013). The word "volition" in this context does not mean an "act of willing or choosing" or an "act of deciding," but rather

"simply stands for the unremarkable proposition that proximate causation historically underlines copyright infringement liability no less than other torts." Perfect 10, Inc. v. Giganews, Inc., 847 F.3d 657, 666 (9th Cir. 2017) (quoting Religious Tech. Ctr. v. Netcom On-Line Commc'n Servs., Inc., 907 F. Supp. 1361, 1370 (N.D. Cal. 1995)); see also 4 Melville B. Nimmer & David Nimmer, Nimmer on Copyright, § 13.08[C][1] (2016). Here, it is undisputed that Ms. Maraj created an unauthorized derivative work of the Composition when she created the Infringing Work. Indeed, Ms. Maraj admitted in her responses to Ms. Chapman's requests for admissions ("RFA" Responses") and deposition that the Infringing Work uses a majority of the Composition's lyrics and its vocal melody. (UF 6-8, Frontera Decl., ¶ 9, Ex. 8 at p. 81 (Suppl. Resp. to RFA No. 8) ("Admit that the Infringing Work uses a majority of the Composition's lyrics." "...ADMIT.").) In other words, Ms. Maraj admits that she created a derivative work of the Composition that is substantially similar, if not strikingly similar, to the original. (UF 6-8, Frontera Decl., ¶ 8, Ex. 7 at p. 71, ¶¶ 19, 20 (admitting that the Infringing Work was a "musical interpolation . . . that incorporated music and lyrics from the Composition").) Ms. Maraj further

admitted in her RFA Responses that she began recording the Infringing Work

before requesting a license from Ms. Chapman for use of the Composition. (UF 10, Frontera Decl., ¶ 8, Ex. 7 at p. 71, ¶ 20.) These facts are undisputed. This is

copyright infringement.

Based on prior discussions, Ms. Chapman anticipates that Ms. Maraj may argue that although she created an unauthorized derivative work when she created the Infringing Work, such creation (and infringement) was innocent. But Ms. Maraj's position is a red herring; intent is irrelevant to the issue of copyright infringement. *UMG Recordings, Inc.*, 446 F. Supp. 2d at 1172; *Educ. Testing Serv.*, 95 F. Supp. 2d at 1087 (copyright infringement "is a strict liability tort"). Ms. Maraj's actions speak for themselves. She directly infringed on Ms. Chapman's

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Composition. For this reason, Ms. Chapman is entitled to summary adjudication on copyright infringement based on Ms. Maraj's creation of an unauthorized derivative work.

## 2. Ms. Maraj's Actions in Creating an Unauthorized Derivative Work Were Willful As a Matter of Law

To prove willfulness, "the plaintiff must show (1) that the defendant was actually aware of the infringing activity, or (2) that the defendant's actions were the result of 'reckless disregard' for, or 'willful blindness' to, the copyright holder's rights." Washington Shoe Co. v. A-Z Sporting Goods Inc., 704 F.3d 668, 674 (9th Cir. 2012), abrogated on other grounds by Axiom Foods, Inc. v. Acerchem Int'l, Inc., 874 F.3d 1064, 1067 (9th Cir. 2017). The determination of willfulness is ordinarily a question of fact for the jury. Hearst Corp. v. Stark, 639 F. Supp. 970, 980 (N.D. Cal. Jun. 30, 1986). However, where the relevant facts are admitted or otherwise undisputed, willfulness can be appropriately resolved on summary judgment. Peer Int'l Corp. v. Pausa Records, Inc., 909 F.2d 1332, 1335-36 (9th Cir. 1990); Sega Enters. Ltd. v. MAPHIA, 948 F. Supp. 923, 936 (N.D. Cal. 1996).

Ms. Maraj's actions are exactly the type of willful infringement that can be decided on summary judgment. By definition "[i]nfringement is willful if a record reflects that a defendant was warned they needed a license or permission but declined to do so and went ahead anyway." *Broadcast Music, Inc. v. McDade & Sons, Inc.*, 928 F. Supp. 2d 1120, 1134 (D. Ariz. Mar. 6, 2013); *Sega Enters. Ltd.*, 948 F.Supp. at 936 (granting summary judgment as to willfulness and finding that there were knowing actions of infringement). Under these conditions, it is appropriate to conclude that Ms. Maraj willfully infringed Ms. Chapman's copyright.

Here, the undisputed facts illustrate that Ms. Maraj's copyright infringement was willful. *First*, Ms. Maraj admitted in her RFA Responses and deposition that her copying of the Composition was unauthorized, conceding that she (i) recorded

the Infringing Work before requesting a license from Ms. Chapman (UF 6-8, Frontera Decl., ¶ 8, Ex. 7 at p. 71, ¶ 20); (ii) intended to include the Infringing Work on the Album (Frontera Decl., ¶ 8, Ex. 7 at p. 71, ¶ 19); and (iii) knew she needed a license to use the Composition in the Infringing Work in order to include the Infringing Work on the Album (UF 9, Frontera Decl., ¶ 9, Ex. 8 at p. 80 (Suppl. Resp. to RFA No. 5).) Ms. Maraj's actions in the face of her knowledge that she needed a license is precisely the type of willful conduct contemplated by *Broadcast Music, Inc.*, 928 F. Supp. 2d at 1134.

Second, it also is undisputed that Ms. Maraj never received the requested – and required – permission to use the Composition from Ms. Chapman. Instead, Ms. Maraj and her representatives were *unequivocally informed* that the Composition was not available for sampling on multiple occasions, and that Ms. Chapman was not granting the requested permission. (See, supra, § II.C; see also UF 12, 14-15, 19, Frontera Decl., ¶ 11, Ex. 10 at p. 99; *id.* at ¶ 12, Ex. 11 (Mannis-Gardner Dep. at 111:9-24); *id.* at ¶ 15, Ex. 14; Chapman Decl., ¶ 6, Ex. 3.) Ms. Maraj's creation of the Infringing Work without Ms. Chapman's permission despite acknowledging that she knew she needed Ms. Chapman's authorization establishes willful infringement. See Broadcast Music, Inc., 928 F. Supp. 2d at 1134.

Third, to the extent that Ms. Maraj argues that she did not willfully infringe Ms. Chapman's copyright because she allegedly created the Infringing Work for the purpose of obtaining permission from Ms. Chapman to use it on her Album, that argument is unsupported by the facts or law. Indeed, the fact that Ms. Maraj and Nas continued working on the Infringing Work after Ms. Maraj knew that Ms. Chapman had not cleared—and would not clear—the license request and Ms. Maraj confirmed to Mr. Taylor that she would not be using the Infringing Work on her Album demonstrates that Ms. Maraj's post-hoc justification for the reason she created the Infringing Work (i.e., to obtain Ms. Chapman's permission to use the Composition) is unsupportable. (See, supra, § II.D; see also Frontera Decl., ¶ 18,

Ex. 17; *id.* at ¶ 16, Ex. 15 at p. 147.) Further, not only did Ms. Maraj continue working on the Infringing Work after her requests to license the Composition were denied, but she went a step further by asking Mr. Taylor to premiere the Infringing Work on the radio the week her Album was released to the public. (UF 25, Frontera Decl., ¶ 16, Ex. 15 at p. 147.)

Given these undisputed facts, no reasonable juror could conclude that Ms. Maraj did not act willfully. Therefore, summary judgment is appropriate as to Ms. Maraj's willfulness in creating the unauthorized derivative work using the Composition.

### C. Ms. Maraj Willfully Distributed the Infringing Work

In addition to violating Ms. Chapman's copyright by creating an infringing derivative work, Ms. Maraj committed a second act of infringement by willfully distributing the Infringing Work.

# 1. The Undisputed Facts Establish that Ms. Maraj Distributed the Infringing Work

As discussed above, 17 U.S.C. § 106(3) grants a copyright holder the exclusive right to distribute its copyrighted work. Ms. Chapman is the undisputed copyright holder. (UF 1-3.) A common method of distribution is through licensing agreements, which permit the copyright holder to place restrictions upon the distribution of its products. "A licensee infringes the owner's copyright if its use exceeds the scope of its license." *S.O.S., Inc,* 886 F.2d at 1087 (citing Gilliam v. American Broadcasting Cos., 538 F.2d 14, 20 (2nd Cir. 1976)).

Moreover, even if Ms. Maraj did not distribute the Infringing Work herself, she is still liable for distribution and considered the distributor if the distribution happened at her direction. The law is clear, "[a]n agent acting within his apparent or ostensible authority binds the principal where the principal has intentionally or negligently allowed others to believe the agent has authority." *Brave New Films* 501(c)(4) v. Weiner, 626 F.Supp.2d 1013, 1016 (N.D. Cal. 2009); see also *Holley* v.

Crank, 400 F.3d 667, 673 (9th Cir. 2004) ("Principals are liable for the torts of their agents committed within the scope of their agency."). Further, the existence of agency may be decided on summary judgment when there is only one conclusion that may be drawn. C.A.R. Transp. Brokerage Co., Inc. v. Darden Restaurants, Inc., 213 F.3d 474, 481 (9th. Cir. 2000) (affirming grant of summary judgment on agency).

Here, the undisputed evidence demonstrates that Ms. Maraj distributed the Infringing Work without a license or other form of consent. After being told on numerous occasions she did not have permission to use the Composition in the Infringing Work, Ms. Maraj distributed the track anyway. (*See, supra*, § II.D; *see also* UF 12, 14, 19, 25-36, Frontera Decl., ¶ 11, Ex. 10; *id.* at ¶ 12, Ex. 11 (Mannis-Gardner Dep. at 111:9-24); *id.* at ¶ 15, Ex. 14; Chapman Decl., ¶ 6, Ex. 3.) Just a week before her Album was set to release, Ms. Maraj privately messaged Mr. Taylor:



(UF 25, Frontera Decl., ¶ 16, Ex. 15 at p. 147 (emphasis added).) Mr. Taylor responded indicating that he would play the track. (Uf 26, Frontera Decl., ¶ 16, Ex. 15 at p. 147; *id.* at ¶ 17, Ex. 16 (Taylor Dep. at 162:25-163:7).)

Ms. Maraj followed up with Mr. Taylor several days later (the day her Album released) telling him that the track featured her and Nas, *i.e.* the Infringing Work, and asking him for his number so she could send it over for Mr. Taylor to publicly broadcast. (UF 27, Frontera Decl., ¶ 16, Ex. 15 at p. 148.)<sup>2</sup> Mr. Taylor provided his number and Ms. Maraj confirmed she would text the Infringing Work to him. (UF 28, 29, Frontera Decl., ¶ 16, Ex. 15 at p. 148.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> No other track that Maraj was working on for the Album featured Nas. (Delaine Dep. at 205:8-12.)

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On August 11, 2018, Mr. Taylor posted to his Instagram and Twitter accounts promoting the Infringing Work and confirming he received it from Ms. Maraj:

• "Shhhhhhh!!!! TONIGHT 7PM!!! NICKY GAVE ME SOMETHING!!! @nickiminaj ft @nas !!! (NOT ON HER ALBUM!) GONNA STOP THE CITY TONIGHT!!!!!!!!!" (UF 35, Frontera Decl., ¶ 21, Ex. 20; id. at ¶ 17, Ex. 16 (Taylor Dep. at 167:18-168:23.) (emphasis added).)

Then, the same day at 7 PM EST, Mr. Taylor broadcast his radio show on Hot 97 FM and played the Infringing Work. (UF 38, 39, Frontera Decl., ¶ 17, Ex. 16 (Taylor Dep. at 166:9-13).)

The chain of distribution is clear:

- Ms. Maraj asked Mr. Taylor to premiere the Infringing Work the week her Album released (UF 25, Frontera Decl., ¶ 16, Ex. 15 at p. 147);
- Ms. Maraj confirmed with Mr. Taylor the day her album released that
  Mr. Taylor was going to play the Infringing Work on his show (UF 27,
  id.);
- Ms. Maraj asked Taylor for his number to send the Infringing Work to him (UF 27, Frontera Decl., ¶ 16, Ex. 15 at p. 148);
- Ms. Maraj's recording engineer requested that the Infringing Work be mastered and a "clean" version be sent back to him (UF 30, Frontera Decl. Frontera Decl., ¶ 28, at Ex. 27);
- Chris Athens sent Mr. Delaine a clean version that day (UF 32, Frontera Decl., ¶ 19, Ex. 18 at pp. 189-90; Frontera Decl., ¶ 20, Ex. 19 (Delaine Dep. at 206:16-208:4)); and
- Between the time of Mr. Taylor's and Ms. Maraj's last message and the next afternoon, Mr. Taylor received the Infringing Work via text (UF 36, Frontera Decl., ¶ 17, Ex. 16 (Taylor Dep. at 164:22-165:8; id,

at 169:5-18; *id.* at 158:11-22).)

Each of these facts is indisputable based on the documentary evidence. And from these facts, the only reasonable conclusion is that Ms. Maraj or someone acting at her direction distributed the Infringing Work to Mr. Taylor. Indeed, Ms. Maraj's recording engineer confirmed that unreleased recordings such as the Infringing Work are maintained in the strictest confidence and that he *never* sends any unreleased recordings out to anyone without instructions from Ms. Maraj directly. (UF 34, Frontera Decl., ¶ 20, Ex. 19 (Delaine Dep. at 200:23-202:6, 203:16-23; *id.* at 204:17-21).)

Thus, the only possible conclusion based on the undisputed facts and evidence adduced in discovery is that Ms. Maraj, or someone acting at her direction, distributed the Infringing Work to Mr. Taylor for public consumption.

## 2. The Undisputed Evidence Establishes that Ms. Maraj's Distribution was Willful

Ms. Maraj's conduct with regard to distribution exemplifies the type of willful conduct appropriately decided on summary judgment. The law is clear. When an individual knows their conduct infringes on another's copyright and acts, that conduct is willful. *Columbia Pictures Television v. Krypton Bd. of Birmingham, Inc.*, 106 F.3d 284, 293 (9th Cir. 1997); *BWP Media USA, Inc. v. P3R, LLC*, 2014 WL 3191160, at \*4 (C.D. Cal. Jul. 3, 2014); *Basic Books, Inc. v. Kinko's Graphics Corp.*, 758 F. Supp. 1522, 1543 (S.D.N.Y. 1991); *accord Peer Int'l Corp. v. Pausa Records, Inc.*, 909 F.2d 1332, 1335 (9th Cir. 1990); *Warner Bros. Entm't Inc. v. Duhy*, No. CV 09-5798-GHK (FMOx), 2009 WL 5177956, at \*1 (C.D. Cal. Nov. 30, 2009)(finding willfulness in a default judgment where plaintiff pled defendant's willfulness in its complaint and buttressed this assertion with evidence of defendant's knowledge of the unlawfulness of their actions).

First, as discussed above, it is undisputed that Ms. Maraj knew she was not permitted to distribute the Infringing Work without permission. (UF 9, Frontera

Decl., ¶ 9, Ex. 8 at p. 80 (Supp. Resp. to RFA No. 5) (Ms. Maraj admitted "that [she] needed a License to use the Composition in the Infringing Work in order to include the Infringing Work on [her] album Queen."); *id.* at p. 82 (Suppl. Resp. to RFA No. 14).)

Second, the undisputed evidence establishes that Ms. Maraj intended to distribute the Infringing Work to Mr. Taylor and either Ms. Maraj or someone acting at her direction did in fact distribute the Infringing Work to Mr. Taylor. It cannot be disputed that Ms. Maraj told Mr. Taylor she wanted him to world premiere the Infringing Work the week her Album dropped. (UF 25, Frontera Decl., ¶ 16, Ex. 15 at p. 147.) It further cannot be disputed that Ms. Maraj told Mr. Taylor she would text him the Infringing Work less than 24 hours before he received it via text. (UF 27-29, Frontera Decl., ¶ 16, Ex. 15 at p. 148.) Nor can it be disputed that the day Ms. Maraj told Mr. Taylor that she would send him the Infringing Work, Ms. Maraj's sound engineer sent the song to Chris Athens to be mastered and received a "clean" mastered version of the Infringing Work in return. (UF 30-33, Frontera Decl., ¶ 28, Ex. 27; *id.* at ¶ 19, Ex. 18.) Mr. Taylor then posted on social media that he got something from Ms. Maraj and testified that he received the Infringing Work via text. (UF 35, Frontera Decl., ¶ 17, Ex. 16 (Taylor Dep. at 164:22-165:8; id. at 169:5-18; id. at 158:11-22) (confirming that Taylor received the Infringing Work via text).) Further, Mr. Delaine testified that he has never "sen[t] out any [unreleased] recordings of Ms. Maraj's to a third party without [] receiving an instruction from Ms. Maraj to send out that recording[.]" (UF 34, Frontera Decl., ¶ 20, Ex. 19 (Delaine Dep. at 203:16-23).)

As a result, any reasonable trier of fact would conclude that Ms. Maraj was aware of the unlawfulness of the Infringing Work, and nevertheless willfully distributed it. Ms. Chapman is entitled to summary judgment on this additional prong of copyright infringement.

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### V. CONCLUSION

For all of the foregoing reasons, Ms. Chapman respectfully requests that the Court grant her motion in its entirety and enter judgment in her favor as to the issue of liability for Copyright Infringement, holding that: (1) Ms. Maraj committed copyright infringement by creating the Infringing Work, (2) the creation of the Infringing Work was willful, (3) Ms. Maraj committed copyright infringement by distributing the Infringing Work, and (4) the distribution was willful.

Dated: August 17, 2020 Respectfully submitted,

MANATT, PHELPS & PHILLIPS, LLP

By: /s/ John M. Gatti
John M. Gatti
Attorney for Plaintiff
TRACY CHAPMAN

[REDACTED] EXHIBIT B

LOS ANGELES

Case 2i18-cv-09088-VAP-SS Document 55 Filed 08/17/20 Page 36 of 128 Page ID #:691

Plaintiff Tracy Chapman hereby submits this Separate Statement of Undisputed Facts in Support of Motion for Partial Summary Judgment.

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#### PLAINTIFF'S UNDISPUTED FACTS

ISSUE 1: Defendant Onika Tanya Maraj ("Maraj") infringed on Plaintiff Tracy Chapman's ("Chapman") copyright in the track *Baby Can I Hold You* (the "Composition") when she created an unauthorized derivative work entitled *Sorry* utilizing the Composition ("Infringing Work").

9

Pl.'s Fact **Supporting Evidence** SUF No. 1. Declaration of Tracy Chapman Ms. Chapman wrote *Baby Can I* Hold You (the "Composition") in ("Chapman Decl.") at ¶ 2. 1982. 2. On October 20, 1983, Ms. Declaration of Nicholas Frontera ("Frontera Decl."), ¶ 5, Ex. 4; id. at ¶ 27, Ex. 26; Chapman Decl. at Chapman obtained a copyright registration for the Composition, from the United States Copyright Office. Frontera Decl. ¶ 6, Ex. 5; id. at ¶ 3. Ms. Chapman is the sole owner 27, Ex. 26; Chapman Decl. at ¶¶ 3-4. of the copyright in the Composition. Frontera Decl., ¶ 7, Ex. 6 (Deposition of Onika Tanya 4. In 2017, Ms. Maraj began recording a track entitled Sorry (the "Infringing Work"). Maraj ("Maraj Dep.") at 50:25-51:3). 5. Frontera Decl., ¶ 7, Ex. 6 (Maraj Dep. at 52:11-12). The Infringing Work features Nasir bin Olu Dara Jones p/k/a Nas ("Nas"). Frontera Decl., ¶ 8, Ex. 7 at p. 71 6. Ms. Maraj admits that the Infringing Work incorporates ¶¶ 19, 20; *id.* at ¶ 9, Ex. 8 at p. 81 (Suppl. Responses to RFA Nos. 8 music and lyrics from the and 10); see also id. at ¶ 10, Ex. 9 (containing side by side Composition. comparison of the Composition and the Infringing Work).

<sup>2728</sup> 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Declarations of Tracy Chapman and Nicholas Frontera can be found in the Appendix of Evidence at pp. 6 and pp. 34 respectively.

Pl.'s SUF No.	Fact	Supporting Evidence
7.	Ms. Maraj admits that the Infringing Work incorporates a majority of the Composition's lyrics.	Frontera Decl., ¶ 8, Ex. 7 at p. 71 ¶¶ 19, 20; id. at ¶ 9, Ex. 8 at p. 81 (Suppl. Responses to RFA Nos. 8 and 10); see also id. at ¶ 10, Ex. 9 (containing side by side comparison of the Composition and the Infringing Work).
8.	Ms. Maraj admits that the Infringing Work incorporates part of the vocal melody from the Composition.	Frontera Decl., ¶ 8, Ex. 7 at p. 71 ¶¶ 19, 20; id. at ¶ 9, Ex. 8 at p. 81 (Suppl. Responses to RFA No. 11); see also id. at ¶ 10, Ex. 9 (containing side by side comparison of the Composition and the Infringing Work).

ISSUE 2: Maraj's conduct in creating the Infringing Work was willful because she knew she needed Chapman's consent to create the Infringing Work, knew she did not have consent, and continued to work on the Infringing Work despite knowing she did not have Ms. Chapman's consent.

Pl.'s SUF No.	Fact	Supporting Evidence
9.	Ms. Maraj "knew that [she] needed a License to use the Composition in the Infringing Work in order to include the Infringing Work on [her] album Queen."	Frontera Decl., ¶ 9, Ex. 8 at p. 80 (Suppl. Response to RFA No. 5).
10.	Ms. Maraj began recording the Infringing Work, without first seeking Ms. Chapman's authorization to do so.	Frontera Decl., ¶ 8, Ex. 7 at p. 71, ¶ 20.
11.	On May 23, 2018, Ms. Maraj's representative began the process of obtaining clearance to use the Composition in the Infringing Work.	Frontera Decl., ¶ 11, Ex. 10 at p. 99; <i>id.</i> at ¶ 10, Ex. 11 (Deposition of Deborah Mannis-Gardner ("Mannis-Gardner Dep.") at 107:11-108:8, 132:10-11, 133:9-14).
12.	On May 23, 2018, Ms. Maraj's	Frontera Decl., ¶ 11, Ex. 10 at p.

1 2	Pl.'s SUF No.	Fact	Supporting Evidence
3 4		representative was informed that the Composition was not available for sampling.	99; <i>id.</i> at, ¶ 10, Ex. 11 (Mannis-Gardner Dep. at 109:10-110:14).
5 6 7 8	13.	Ms. Maraj, again through her representatives, requested Ms. Chapman's authorization to use the Composition in the Infringing Work.	Chapman Decl., ¶ 5, Ex. 2 at p. 27; Frontera Decl., ¶ 13, Ex. 12 at p. 140; <i>id.</i> at ¶ 14, Ex. 13; <i>id.</i> at ¶ 10, Ex. 11 (Mannis-Gardner Dep. at 112:19-114:3; 117:2-119:17, 120:20-121:12, 122:5-15; 126:7-131:18).
9 .0 .1	14.	Ms. Chapman instructed her representative to deny Ms. Maraj's request to use Ms. Chapman's Composition in the Infringing Work.	Chapman Decl., ¶ 5.
12 13 14	15.	Ms. Chapman's denial was relayed to Ms. Maraj through her representatives.	Chapman Decl., ¶ 5, Ex. 2 at p. 25; Frontera Decl., ¶ 15, Ex. 14; <i>id.</i> at ¶ 10, Ex. 11 (Mannis-Gardner Dep. at 123:22-124:22; 126:7-131:18).
15 16 17 18	16.	Ms. Maraj, through her representatives, made another request for authorization from Ms. Chapman for use of the Composition in the Infringing Work.	Chapman Decl., ¶ 6, Ex. 3 at p. pp. 31-32; Frontera Decl. at ¶ 4.
20   21	17.	Ms. Maraj also made a personal attempt to reach out to Ms. Chapman on Twitter.	Frontera Decl., ¶ 9, Ex. 8 at p. 83 (Suppl. Resp. to RFA No. 18).
22	18.	Ms. Chapman was made aware of Ms. Maraj's requests.	Chapman Decl., ¶ 6.
23	19.	Ms. Chapman again denied the requests.	Chapman Decl., ¶ 6.
24 25 26 27	20.	Ms. Chapman's denial was communicated to Ms. Maraj's representatives again on August 2, 2018.	Chapman Decl., ¶ 6, Ex. 3 at p. 31; Frontera Decl. at ¶ 4; <i>id.</i> at ¶ 26, Ex. 25 at p. 222.
28	21.	On August 3, 2018, Ms. Maraj confirmed to Aston George	Frontera Decl., ¶ 16, Ex. 15 at p. 13.

1	Pl.'s	Fact	Supporting Evidence
2	SUF No.		
3 4		Taylor that the Infringing Work would not be on her Album.	
	22.	Ms. Maraj and Nas continued	Frontera Decl., ¶ 18, Ex. 17 at pp.
5		working on the Infringing Work after August 3, 2018.	182-87; <i>id.</i> at ¶ 7, Ex. 6 (Maraj Dep. at 55:5-24, 56:15-19; 56:10-
6		5 /	24).
7	23.	On August 5, 2018, Ms. Maraj	Frontera Decl., ¶ 18, Ex. 17 at p. 187; <i>id.</i> at ¶ 7, Ex. 6 (Maraj Dep.
8		informed N ringing	at $59:12-60:2$ ).
9			
10	24.	On August 5, 2018, Ms. Maraj confirmed to Nas that,	Frontera Decl., ¶ 18, Ex. 17 at p. 187.
11		CONFIDENTIAL	
12			
13			
14			

ISSUE 3: Maraj infringed on Chapman's copyright when she (or others acting on her direct orders) distributed the Infringing Work.

Pl.'s SUF No.	Fact	<b>Supporting Evidence</b>
25.	On August 3, 2018, Ms. Maraj, sent Aston George Taylor a direct message from her verified Instagram account asking him to world premiere the Infringing Work on his radio show the week her album <i>Queen</i> was released.	Frontera Decl., ¶ 16, Ex. 15 at p. 147; id. at ¶ 17, Ex. 16 (Deposition of Aston George Taylor ("Taylor Dep.") at 159:1-162:24).
26.	Mr. Taylor indicated he would play the Infringing Work on his show.	Frontera Decl., ¶ 16, Ex. 15 at p. 147; <i>id.</i> at ¶ 17, Ex. 16 (Taylor Dep. at 162:25-163:7).
27.	On August 10, 2018, Ms. Maraj messaged Mr. Taylor:	Frontera Decl., ¶ 16, Ex. 15 at p. 148.

Pl.'s SUF No. Fact		Supporting Evidence
	CONFIDENTIAL	
28.	Mr. Taylor provided his phone number and confirmed he would play the Infringing Work.	Frontera Decl., ¶ 16, Ex. 15 at p. 148.
29.	Maraj confirmed, CONFID	Frontera Decl., ¶ 16, Ex. 15 at p. 148.
30.	On August 10, 2018, Ms. Maraj's lead recording engineer, Aubry Delaine, reached out to the company that mastered Ms. Maraj's songs for the Album, Chris Athens Masters, Inc., to ask that they master the Infringing Work and return clean and explicit versions.	Frontera Decl., ¶ 28, Ex. 27.
31.	Chris Athens Masters, Inc. mastered the Infringing Work on August 10, 2018.	Frontera Decl., ¶ 19, Ex. 18 at p. 189-90; <i>id.</i> at ¶ 28, Ex. 27; <i>id.</i> at ¶ 20, Ex. 19 (Deposition of Aubry Delaine ("Delaine Dep.") at 206:16-208:4).
32.	On August 10, 2018, David Castro of Chris Athens Masters, Inc., sent Mr. Delaine links to download a clean and an explicit version of the Infringing Work.	Frontera Decl., ¶ 19, Ex. 18 at p. 189-90; <i>id.</i> at ¶ 20, Ex. 19 (Delaine Dep. at 206:16-208:4).
33.	The links only allowed for one download each.	Frontera Decl., ¶ 19, Ex. 18 at p. 189-90; <i>id.</i> at ¶ 20, Ex. 19 (Delaine Dep. at 206:16-208:4).
34.	Mr. Delaine never sends unreleased recordings of Ms. Maraj's work without receiving instructions from Ms. Maraj.	Frontera Decl., ¶ 20, Ex. 19 (Delaine Dep. at 203:16-23).
35.	On August 11, 2018, Mr. Taylor posted on his Instagram and Twitter accounts promoting the debut of the Infringing Work on his show that night.	Frontera Decl., ¶ 21, Ex. 20; <i>id</i> . at ¶ 22, Ex. 21; <i>id</i> . at ¶ 17, Ex. 16 (Taylor Dep. at 167:18-168:23; 170:1-171:12).
36.	Mr. Taylor received the	Frontera Decl., ¶ 17, Ex. 16

Pl.'s SUF No.	Fact	<b>Supporting Evidence</b>
		s. Maraj   169:5-18, 158:11-22). August t social e show
37.	The version of the Infri Work Mr. Taylor receive mastered version entitle Sorry - 72518 - master.	ed was a at ¶ 17, Ex. 16 (Taylor Dep. at 1"01 172:13-25, 174:22-176:21).
38.	On August 11, 2018 at EST, Mr. Taylor broadd radio show on Hot 97 F	ast his (Taylor Dep. at 166:9-13,
39.	Mr. Taylor played the I Work during the broadd	fringing Frontera Decl., ¶ 17, Ex. 16 (Taylor Dep. at 166:9-13, 173:17-23).
	· ·	tributing the Infringing Work was wi
Work, and	knew she did not have	hat consent.
Issue	No. 4, incorporates the S	atements of Undisputed Facts Nos. 1-39.
Dated: Au	ıgust 17, 2020	Respectfully submitted,
		MANATT, PHELPS & PHILLIPS, L John M. Gatti Lauren J. Fried Nicholas Frontera
		By: /s/ John M. Gatti John M. Gatti
		Attorneys for Plaintiff TRACY CHAPMAN

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### [REDACTED] EXHIBIT C

#### **CERTIFIED COPY**

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

TRACY CHAPMAN,	)	
	)	
PLAINTIFF,	)	
	)	
vs.	)	CASE NO. 2:18-CV-09088-VAP-SS
	)	
ONIKA TANYA MARAJ P/K/A	)	
NICKI MINAJ AND DOES 1-10,	)	
	)	
<b>DEFENDANTS.</b>	)	
	)	

# CONFIDENTIAL - SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION OF ONIKA TANYA MARAJ Taken on September 23, 2019



#### Case 2:18-cv-09088-VAP-SS Document 55 Filed 08/17/20 Page 45 of 128 Page ID #:700

		Page 9
1	Maura Gierl, for the plaintiff.	10:27:01
2	MR. ROSS: Pete Ross, for Onika Maraj.	10:27:04
3	MR. LAURITSEN: Eric Lauritsen, for Onika	10:27:08
4	Maraj.	10:27:10
5	MS. LaPOLT: Dina LaPolt, for Onika Maraj.	10:27:12
6	MS. PRICE: Danielle Price, for Onika	10:27:16
7	Maraj.	10:27:16
8	MR. BRUCE: Tommy Bruce, for Onika Maraj.	10:27:17
9	THE VIDEO OPERATOR: Thank you. The court	10:27:22
10	reporter today is Lori Byrd with eLitigation	10:27:23
11	Services, Inc.	10:27:25
12	Will the reporter please swear in the	10:27:26
13	witness and we can begin.	10:27:26
14		10:27:26
15	ONIKA TANYA MARAJ, p/k/a NICKI MINAJ,	10:27:26
16	called as a witness in this case,	10:27:26
17	having been first duly sworn	10:27:26
18	upon her oath, testified as follows:	10:27:26
19	EXAMINATION	10:27:26
20	BY MR. JACOBS:	10:27:39
21	Q. Good morning, Ms. Maraj.	10:27:39
22	A. Good morning.	10:27:42
23	Q. Can you please state your full name for the	10:27:42
24	record.	10:27:44
25	A. Onika Tanya Maraj.	10:27:45
1		

#### Case 2:18-cv-09088-VAP-SS Document 55 Filed 08/17/20 Page 46 of 128 Page ID #:701

			Page 22
1	song ge	etting done.	10:42:57
2	Q.	Anything else?	10:43:00
3	Α.	No.	10:43:02
4	Q.	Did you look for any communications you had	10:43:20
5	with a	disc jockey named "Flex"?	10:43:24
<u>6</u>	<b>A.</b>	Yes.	10:43:31
7	Q.	And did you have any?	10:43:32
8	<b>A.</b>	No.	10:43:37
9	Q.	Who is Flex?	10:43:43
10	А.	A DJ.	10:43:46
11	Q.	Do you know his full name?	10:43:47
12	А.	No.	10:43:49
13	Q.	Where is he a DJ?	10:43:50
14	Α.	In New York.	10:43:51
15	Q.	Do you know what radio station?	10:43:54
16	Α.	Hot 97.	10:43:58
17		(REPORTER REQUESTED CLARIFICATION)	10:44:00
18		THE WITNESS: Hot 97.	10:44:01
19	BY MR.	JACOBS:	10:44:02
20	Q.	How long have you known him for?	10:44:03
21	Α.	I think about, maybe over 10 years.	10:44:04
22	Q.	Have you ever texted with Flex?	10:44:27
23	Α.	Yes.	10:44:28
24	Q.	When was the last time you texted him?	10:44:29
25	А.	About a day or two ago.	10:44:31
1			

#### Case 2:18-cv-09088-VAP-SS Document 55 Filed 08/17/20 Page 47 of 128 Page ID #:702

		Page 24
1	spoke about the case on the phone, but we spoke	10:45:46
2	about the case on social media prior to that.	10:45:49
3	Q. When was that?	10:45:52
4	A. I don't remember the date.	10:45:53
5	Q. Do you recall generally what the discussion	10:45:56
<u>6</u>	was over social media you referenced?	10:45:58
7	A. Yes. It was about him saying that he was	10:46:02
8	about to play a song that was, like, a an	10:46:04
9	exclusive song. And I that was on Twitter.	10:46:09
10	And I went on Instagram and said: Only	10:46:14
(11)	play the songs that are official album cuts from my	10:46:17
12	album, because my album had just come out. And that	10:46:20
13	was it.	10:46:25
14	Q. Did you have any other communication with	10:46:27
15	him around that same time in any other way?	10:46:28
16	A. Not that I can recall.	10:46:34
17	Q. You don't remember being on the phone with	10:46:37
18	him around that time?	10:46:39
19	A. No.	10:46:42
20	Q. And you don't remember exchanging any text	10:46:42
21	messages text messages with him around that time?	10:46:45
22	A. No.	10:46:48
23	Q. Do you recall being on the phone with him	10:46:51
24	between that time and the time you just reached out	10:46:54
25	to him regarding this document you referenced?	10:46:56

#### Case 2:18-cv-09088-VAP-SS Document 55 Filed 08/17/20 Page 48 of 128 Page ID #:703

		Page 28
1	will send someone to hear all of your music to see	10:52:43
2	if there's anything that should you know, that	10:52:47
3	there's something that maybe there's a sample in the	10:52:51
4	music that you didn't know about or something like	10:52:53
5	that.	10:52:55
6	So they'll send someone to your recording	10:52:56
7	studio, in this case, that will listen to the music.	10:52:59
8	And I forgot the name of the person's	10:53:05
9	occupation. But it's deals with I think	10:53:07
10	there's a person that I deal with, his name is	10:53:17
11	Joshua Berkman. He is the person that we usually	10:53:19
12	use as the middle man, because he's like the A&R for	10:53:24
13	my projects in the past. And he usually goes about	10:53:29
14	finding the person hiring I think it's a	10:53:35
15	musicologist.	10:53:38
16	Q. Does Joshua Berkman work for your record	10:53:46
17	<pre>label?</pre>	10:53:49
18	A. Yes.	10:53:50
19	Q. And what's the label?	10:53:50
20	A. Republic Records.	10:53:52
21	Q. Are you in direct communication	10:54:17
22	withdrawn.	10:54:19
23	Do you talk to Josh about Joshua Berkman	10:54:20
24	about his efforts to clear songs for you?	10:54:23
25	A. Yes.	10:54:27

#### Case 2:18-cv-09088-VAP-SS Document 55 Filed 08/17/20 Page 49 of 128 Page ID #:704

		Page 37
1	Q. Before you got to his studio, did you have	11:05:36
2	an understanding that that there was an interest	11:05:39
3	in doing a version of the Tracy Chapman composition?	11:05:44
4	A. No.	11:05:50
5	Q. So what happened next after you went back	11:05:57
6	to L.A., in relation to your recording vocals for	11:05:59
7	the song?	11:06:04
8	A. I recorded oh.	11:06:07
9	I pulled up the Shelly Thunder song. I	11:06:11
10	pulled that up to hear it on YouTube. And I then	11:06:14
11	recorded it in my studio, singing the hook	11:06:23
12	singing the chorus of the song.	11:06:29
13	Q. When you say your studio, which studio is	11:06:31
14	that?	11:06:34
15	A. Glenwood.	11:06:35
16	Q. And where is that located?	11:06:36
17	A. I believe it's in Glenwood, California.	11:06:37
18	Q. When you went to look at the Shelly Thunder	11:06:45
19	video, did you notice any references to Tracy	11:06:47
20	Chapman?	11:06:50
21	A. Not one.	11:06:52
22	Q. Do you recall when you recorded the vocals	11:07:01
23	for your song "Sorry"?	11:07:05
24	A. I don't recall what month that was.	11:07:09
25	Q. It was in 2018, though?	11:07:12

		Page 38
1	A. Actually, if my album came out in 2018, I	11:07:20
2	believe I recorded the song in 2017. Because it was	11:07:25
3	not originally for my album, it was for his album.	11:07:31
4	So I think that it was a lot sooner than	11:07:36
5	when my album came out that I actually cut those	11:07:39
6	vocals.	11:07:42
7	Q. Did the song go out on Nas's album?	11:07:47
8	A. No.	11:07:50
9	Q. Do you know why not?	11:07:51
10	A. I don't know. I don't know.	11:07:55
11	Q. Did you ever have a conversation with	11:08:07
12	anybody about releasing your song "Sorry" on the	11:08:09
13	album "Queen"?	11:08:15
14	A. Did I have a conversation with anyone?	11:08:17
15	Q. Yes.	11:08:19
16	A. Yes.	11:08:20
17	Q. Who did you discuss that with?	11:08:20
18	A. Everyone that I think I would have come in	11:08:23
19	contact with about my album.	11:08:25
20	Q. And did you want to put it on your album	11:08:29
21	"Queen"?	11:08:31
22	A. Yes.	11:08:33
23	Q. And how did it come about that it didn't go	11:08:35
24	on withdrawn.	11:08:41
25	How did it come about that you got Nas's	11:08:42

#### Case 2:18-cv-09088-VAP-SS Document 55 Filed 08/17/20 Page 51 of 128 Page ID #:706

		Page 61
1	through your recording process?	11:43:55
2	A. Yes.	11:43:58
3	Q. Are the different takes maintained at the	11:44:27
4	studio where you recorded, or are they somewhere	11:44:29
5	else?	11:44:36
6	A. The takes are on whatever the whatever	11:44:38
7	device we record on.	11:44:41
8	Q. Do you recall what device you recorded	11:44:44
9	"Sorry" on?	11:44:45
10	A. No.	11:44:47
11	Q. Who performs on "Sorry"?	11:45:04
12	A. Myself and Nas.	11:45:07
13	Q. Are there any musicians?	11:45:14
14	A. Not that I know of.	11:45:16
		11:45:52
20	Q. At the time you recorded it, you intended	11:45:54
21	it to go out on his album	11:45:58
22	A. Yes.	11:46:00
23	Q is that correct?	11:46:00
24	Did you record an explicit version of	11:46:33
25	"Sorry"?	11:46:36

#### Case 2:18-cv-09088-VAP-SS Document 55 Filed 08/17/20 Page 52 of 128 Page ID #:707

			Page 62
1	A.	The original version is explicit.	11:46:38
2	Q.	Is there a clean version of the song?	11:46:52
3	A.	I'm not sure.	11:46:55
4	Q.	Do you know somebody named Chris Athens?	11:47:05
5	A.	The name sounds familiar, but I'm not sure.	11:47:09
6	Q.	Do you know of a company called Chris	11:47:13
7	Athens M	Masters?	11:47:14
8	A.	Not off the top of my head.	11:47:18
9	Q.	Do you know somebody named Curt Bradley?	11:47:24
10	A.	No.	11:47:28
11	Q.	Do you know somebody named David Castro?	11:47:29
12	A.	No.	11:47:32
13	Q.	Dave Huffman?	11:47:34
14	A.	No.	11:47:37
15		MR. ROSS: Let's take a break.	11:47:50
16		MR. JACOBS: Do you want to take a break?	11:47:51
17		MR. ROSS: Yes, please.	11:47:53
18		MR. JACOBS: Sure.	11:47:54
19		THE VIDEO OPERATOR: Here marks the end of	11:47:56
20	tape num	ber 1 in the video deposition of Ms. Maraj.	11:47:57
21	And we'r	re off the record at 11:48 A.M.	11:48:00
22	(	RECESS TAKEN FROM 11:48 TO 11:59 A.M.)	11:48:50
23		THE VIDEO OPERATOR: Here marks the	11:59:50
24	beginnin	ng of tape number 2 in the video deposition	11:59:51
25	of Ms. M	Maraj. And we're back on record at	11:59:54

#### Case 2:18-cv-09088-VAP-SS Document 55 Filed 08/17/20 Page 53 of 128 Page ID #:708

			Page 63
1	11:59 A.	M.	11:59:57
2	BY MR. J	ACOBS:	12:00:00
3	Q.	Ms. Maraj, do you know somebody named Kenny	12:00:02
4	Meiselas	?	12:00:05
5	A.	Yes.	12:00:07
6	Q.	And who is he?	12:00:08
7	A.	He was my attorney.	12:00:09
8	Q.	He no longer is your attorney?	12:00:10
9	A.	That's correct.	12:00:12
10	Q.	When did he stop being your attorney?	12:00:13
11	A.	I'm not sure of the exact date. Sometime	12:00:15
12	this yea	r.	12:00:17
13	Q.	Before summer? Or since summer?	12:00:22
14	A.	I don't remember.	12:00:24
15	Q.	Do you know somebody named Stuart Prager?	12:00:25
16	A.	I'm not sure.	12:00:28
17	Q.	Have you heard the name before?	12:00:36
18	A.	I'm not sure.	12:00:38
19	Q.	Are you aware of any efforts by Kenny	12:00:49
20	Meiselas	to clear the use of the Tracy Chapman	12:00:50
21	composit	ion "Sorry"?	12:00:56
22	Α.	I'm not sure.	12:01:00
23	Q.	You're not sure, meaning you don't have any	12:01:01
24	recollec	tion of any effort?	12:01:04
25	A.	Could you repeat the question?	12:01:06

#### Case 2:18-cv-09088-VAP-SS Document 55 Filed 08/17/20 Page 54 of 128 Page ID #:709

		Page 64
1	Q. When you say you're not sure, does that	12:01:07
2	mean you have no recollection of him making any such	12:01:08
3	effort?	12:01:11
4	A. Right.	12:01:12
5	MR. JACOBS: [I'd like to mark as]	12:02:19
6	Plaintiff's Exhibit 102 a text chain. It was	12:02:20
7	produced by the defendant with Bates number	12:02:29
8	MINAJ000032 through 37.	12:02:34
9	(DEPOSITION EXHIBIT 102 MARKED FOR	12:02:50
10	IDENTIFICATION)	12:02:52
11	BY MR. JACOBS:	12:02:59
12	Q. Ms. Maraj, if you could take a minute and	12:03:01
13	look at Plaintiff's Exhibit 102 and let me know	12:03:02
14	after you've done so, I'd appreciate it.	12:03:06
15	A. (Perusing document)	12:03:09
16	Q. Do you recognize Plaintiff's Exhibit 102?	12:03:25
17	A. Yes.	12:03:28
18	Q. What is it?	12:03:28
19	A. A text.	12:03:29
20	Q. A text between whom?	12:03:30
21	A. Myself and Nas.	12:03:32
22	Q. Are you are your texts in the darker	12:03:36
23	blue, or the lighter shade?	12:03:42
24	A. Blue.	12:03:45
25		

#### Case 2:18-cv-09088-VAP-SS Document 55 Filed 08/17/20 Page 55 of 128 Page ID #:710

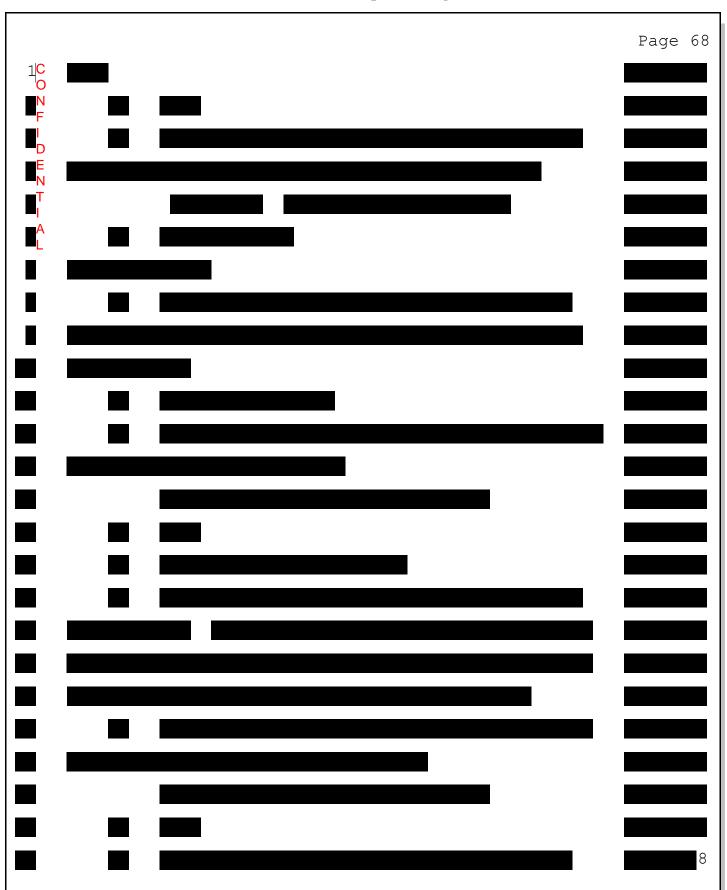
			Page 65
1		"Tell that lady clear the damned	12:04:06
2		song."	12:04:10
3		Do you see that?	12:04:11
4	<b>A.</b>	Yes.	12:04:12
5	Q.	Do you have an understanding of who he's	12:04:12
6	referrin	ag to?	12:04:14
7	(A.)	Yes.	12:04:14
8	Q.	Who's he referring to?	12:04:16
9	<b>A.</b>	I believe he's referring to Tracy Chapman.	12:04:18
10	Q.	And that's your response immediately	12:04:30
11	followin	ng it:	12:04:32
12		"SMH. By the way, did you ever	12:04:33
13		approve a mix?"	12:04:35
14	<b>A</b> .	Yes.	12:04:40
15	Q.	When you say "did you ever approve a mix"	12:04:47
16	to Nas,	what are you referring to?	12:04:50
17	<b>A.</b>	A mix of the song.	12:04:53
18	Q.	A mix of the song "Sorry"?	12:04:54
19	<b>A.</b>	Yes.	12:04:55
20	Q.	The next page refers withdrawn.	12:05:16
21		The next page appears to reflect a mix	12:05:19
22	or that	you sent him a mix.	12:05:23
23		Is that correct?	12:05:25
24	<b>A</b> .	Yes.	12:05:26
25	Q.	Did this mix contain the rap verse that you	12:05:39

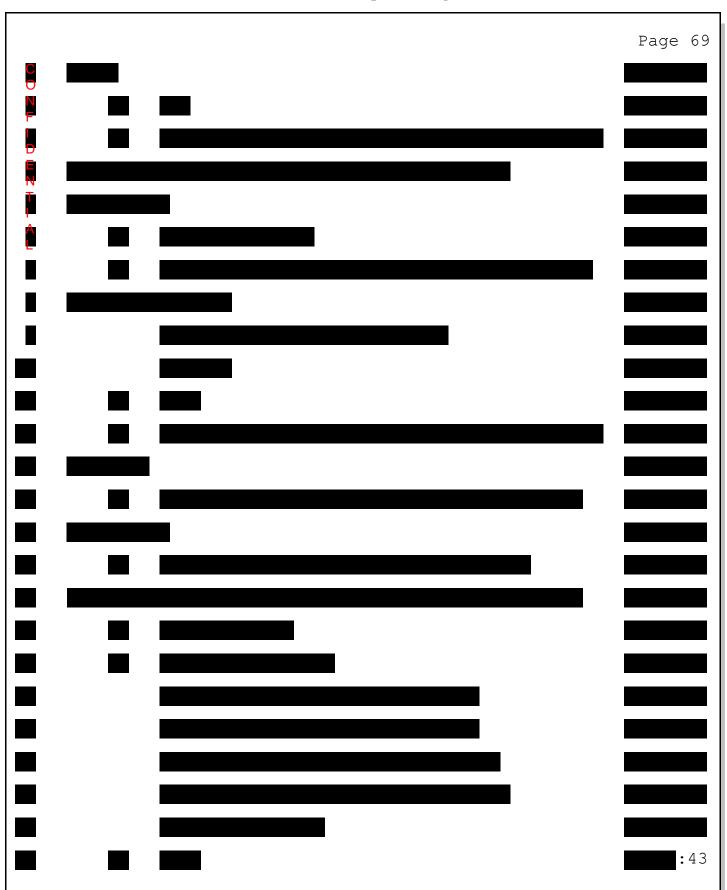
#### Case 2:18-cv-09088-VAP-SS Document 55 Filed 08/17/20 Page 56 of 128 Page ID #:711

			Page 66
1	wrote an	d recorded?	12:05:42
2	Α.	Yes.	12:05:44
3	Q.	To your knowledge, had Nas heard that	12:06:06
4	version :	prior to this date?	12:06:09
5	Α.	I'm not sure.	12:06:11
6	Q.	The reference withdrawn.	12:06:27
7		Do you see the reference to "Queensbridge"	12:06:30
8	on page	2 of Plaintiff's Exhibit 102?	12:06:32
9	A.	Yes.	12:06:35
10	Q.	Do you know what that's a reference to?	12:06:35
11	A.	I'm not sure. It looks like it may have	12:06:44
12	been the	password.	12:06:46
13	Q.	On the next page, am I correct that you	12:07:22
14	wrote:		12:07:25
15		"We'll go in and make the changes	12:07:27
16		if you want, then we can go from	12:07:30
17		there"?	12:07:32
18	Α.	Yes.	12:07:35
19	Q.	Did you, in fact, make changes to your mix	12:07:36
20	based on	the comments he made?	12:07:39
21	A.	I don't think so.	12:07:44
22	Q.	Why didn't you?	12:07:52
23	A.	I'm not sure.	12:07:53
24	Q.	On the following page, am I correct that	12:08:11
25	you're s	aying:	12:08:13

#### Case 2:18-cv-09088-VAP-SS Document 55 Filed 08/17/20 Page 57 of 128 Page ID #:712

			Page 67
1		"I'm in the booth. I'll hit you	12:08:15
2		tomorrow"?	12:08:18
3	Α.	Yes.	12:08:20
4	Q.	Do you recall what you were in the booth	12:08:20
5	for?		12:08:22
6	Α.	No.	12:08:22
7	Q.	Below that there's a reference to	12:08:37
8	withdraw	n.	12:08:42
9		Below that, am I correct that Nas says:	12:08:42
10		I'll go in the lab Sunday or	12:08:45
11		Monday and adlib the hook?	12:08:48
12		MR. ROSS: That's not what the document	12:08:53
13	says. Y	You misread it.	12:08:54
14	BY MR. J	JACOBS:	12:09:01
15	Q.	Do you see the text below the one you sent	12:09:02
16	where it	z says:	12:09:05
17		"I'm in the booth, I'll hit you	12:09:05
18		tomorrow."	12:09:08
19		It goes on to say:	12:09:09
20		"Good morning. I'll go in the lab	12:09:11
21		Sunday night or Monday and adlib	12:09:15
22		the hook. Just see if we like it.	12:09:17
23		<pre>If it's not [sic] all good"?</pre>	12:09:20
24	А.	"If not, it's all good"? Yes.	12:09:22
25	Q.	And is that something that Nas wrote to	12:09:24





#### Case 2:18-cv-09088-VAP-SS Document 55 Filed 08/17/20 Page 60 of 128 Page ID #:715

			Page 77
1	Q.	Why didn't you call him at the time?	12:24:50
2	Α.	Because I communicated on here. That's	12:24:52
3	what would	d have been my text.	12:24:57
4		"You can only play official album	12:24:58
5	material.	"	12:25:00
6		And that's what I said to him on Instagram.	12:25:02
7	Q.	And what do you mean by:	12:25:05
8		"You can only play official album	12:25:06
9	1	material, sir"?	12:25:09
10	A. 1	Meaning that I want him to play album	12:25:11
11	songs, so	ngs that are on my album.	12:25:13
12	Q.	Did you have an understanding when you saw	12:25:23
13	his post	what he was referring to in terms of what	12:25:25
14	song he w	as planning to play?	12:25:31
15	A.	It was confusing, because it it's	12:25:35
16	obvious t	hat I did a song with Nas from my album.	12:25:38
17	(	So when I saw this and he said: "Nicki	12:25:44
18	Minaj fea	ture Nas, not on her album," I could only	12:25:47
19	guess tha	t he was going to try to play the song that	12:25:52
20	I had wit	h Nas.	12:25:56
21	(	Because he put a he put up a photo with	12:25:57
22	me and Na	s, and said: "Nicki Minaj feature Nas, and	12:25:59
23	it's not	on her album."	12:26:06
24	Q.	Are there any songs on Queen that feature	12:26:08
25	Nas?		12:26:11
I			

#### Case 2:18-cv-09088-VAP-SS Document 55 Filed 08/17/20 Page 61 of 128 Page ID #:716

		Page 78
1	A. No.	12:26:11
2	Q. So just so I'm clear, when you saw this	12:26:13
3	post, did you have an understanding that this was	12:26:19
4	"Sorry" he was referring to?	12:26:22
5	A. I didn't understand that. But it was one	12:26:25
<u>(6)</u>	of my guesses.	12:26:28
7	And the other thing is, I didn't know if he	12:26:30
8	was just, like, joking, either.	12:26:32
9	I didn't know if he really had music, or if	12:26:38
10	he was just playing my album. Because my album had	12:26:40
11	just come out. So it was a bit weird.	12:26:43
12	But he's a very funny person. So I	12:26:46
13	didn't so I wasn't sure if he was kidding, if he	12:26:52
14	was serious, and what he was going to play, because	12:26:56
15	he didn't say the song name or anything.	12:26:58
16	So I was, like, maybe he's just doing this	12:27:01
17	for people to enjoy a show. I wasn't sure.	12:27:03
18	Q. Do you have an understanding about how he	12:27:15
19	<pre>got a recording of "Sorry"?</pre>	12:27:19
20	A. No.	12:27:20
21	Q. So he didn't tell you how he got a copy of	12:27:23
22	it?	12:27:25
23	A. No.	12:27:26
24	Q. Do you have an understanding about how	12:27:39
25	anybody affiliated with that radio station may have	12:27:41

#### Case 2:18-cv-09088-VAP-SS Document 55 Filed 08/17/20 Page 62 of 128 Page ID #:717

		Page 79
1	gotten a copy of a recording of "Sorry"?	12:27:43
2	A. Probably the same way everyone gets music	12:27:45
3	that's unreleased. You just have I mean, songs	12:27:48
4	just leak. People get songs through e-mails, texts.	12:27:54
5	You could mistakenly send a song to the	12:27:59
6	wrong phone number. Someone can have it that way.	12:28:01
7	A billion different reasons how these songs	12:28:04
8	leak, because they're going back and forth between	12:28:08
9	so many different people, being mixed, being	12:28:10
10	mastered, being sent to people for approval,	12:28:14
11	lawyers, labels.	12:28:16
12	I have no clue. Songs get leaked every	12:28:18
13	day.	12:28:21
14	In fact, my song got leaked last week. Two	12:28:21
15	songs got leaked last week. I have no clue how.	12:28:24
16	Q. With respect to "Sorry" specifically, do	12:28:28
17	you know of anybody who leaked it to anybody?	12:28:31
18	A. No.	12:28:33
19	Q. So your reference to the possibility of	12:28:35
20	leaks, you have no knowledge that that actually	12:28:38
21	happened with "Sorry"?	12:28:40
22	A. It's clear that it happened, because how	12:28:41
23	would he have gotten the song?	12:28:43
24	How would anybody have a song unless it	12:28:45
25	<pre>leaked?</pre>	12:28:47
25	<pre>leaked?</pre>	12:28:4

#### Case 2:18-cv-09088-VAP-SS Document 55 Filed 08/17/20 Page 63 of 128 Page ID #:718

		Page 80
1	Q. But you know of nobody who actually leaked	12:28:48
2	it?	12:28:50
3	A. Correct.	12:28:51
4	Q. Did you undertake any investigation to	12:28:55
5	determine if the song was leaked?	12:28:58
6	A. An investigation? What do you mean?	12:29:00
7	Q. Did you have anybody look into whether the	12:29:02
8	song was leaked?	12:29:05
9	A. Yes. Everyone looked into it, to my	12:29:06
10	knowledge. Everyone on the label and management	12:29:08
11	looked into it.	12:29:10
12	Q. So when you say "everybody in management,"	12:29:11
13	who are you referring to?	12:29:14
14	A. Do you want me to name the people at the	12:29:19
15	management company?	12:29:20
16	Q. The people that you believe were involved	12:29:21
17	in investigating whether there was a leak, yes.	12:29:23
18	A. I don't know if this is an investigation.	12:29:25
19	I just know that they were made aware my song was	12:29:27
20	an unreleased song was played on the radio. And we	12:29:30
21	discussed how did the song come out, how was the	12:29:33
22	song played if it's not on my album.	12:29:36
23	Q. Do you know of any steps taken by anybody	12:29:38
24	at management or the label to determine if, in fact,	12:29:40
25	there was a leak of the song?	12:29:43

#### Case 2:18-cv-09088-VAP-SS Document 55 Filed 08/17/20 Page 64 of 128 Page ID #:719

		Page 81
1	A. Well, normally, what they do I don't	12:29:46
2	know specifically with this song.	12:29:48
3	Normally, they just try to go online and	12:29:50
4	see what was the first source of the song coming	12:29:52
5	out.	12:29:54
6	So whether it was like a blog who leaked	12:29:55
7	it; whether it was someone's a personal person's	12:29:57
8	Instagram page who may have leaked the song.	12:30:03
9	They'll go and see if they can Google what	12:30:07
10	radio station played the song first.	12:30:09
11	So I mean, it wasn't anything specifically	12:30:11
12	different with this song, to my knowledge.	12:30:13
13	Q. Let me ask you one more time, and then I'll	12:30:18
14	move on:	12:30:20
15	Are you aware, with respect to "Sorry," in	12:30:21
16	particular, of any steps taken by anybody to	12:30:24
17	investigate whether there was a leak, and by whom?	12:30:26
18	A. Could you repeat the question?	12:30:34
19	Q. Sure.	12:30:35
20	Are you aware with respect to "Sorry," in	12:30:36
21	particular, of any steps taken by anybody to	12:30:39
22	investigate whether there was a leak, and by whom?	12:30:41
23	A. Because of this, I believe that steps were	12:30:48
24	taken on both ends to find out how this radio	12:30:51
25	station obtained the song.	12:30:55

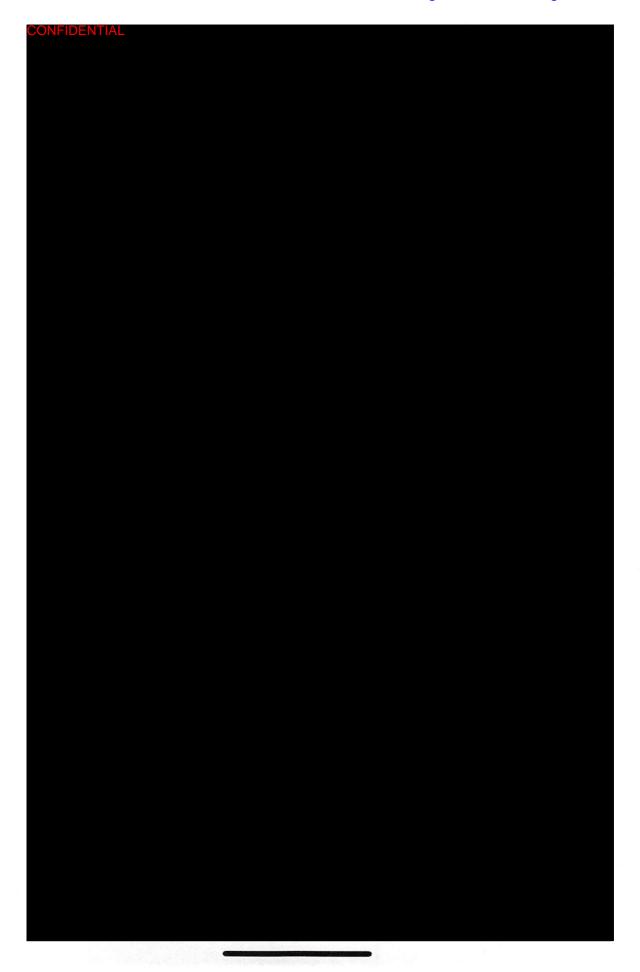
		Page 82
1	So I don't know specifically what we did on	12:30:57
2	our end, but we know that this was an issue.	12:30:59
3	Q. When you say "steps were taken on both	12:31:05
4	ends," you mean in your team, and on the radio's	12:31:07
5	side?	12:31:13
6	A. No. On Tracy Chapman's side.	12:31:13
7	Q. And other than what you've told me already	12:31:24
8	regarding what you think may have happened on your	12:31:27
9	side, was there anything else that you're aware of	12:31:28
10	that was done on your side to investigate any leaks?	12:31:31
11	A. Other than what the leaks department does	12:31:34
12	at a record company, no.	12:31:36
13	And I don't know what steps they actually	12:31:38
14	take, but I know that they investigate in their own	12:31:40
15	way.	12:31:42
16	Q. Did you ask Nas if he gave the song to	12:32:14
17	anybody?	12:32:17
18	A. I don't remember asking him that.	12:32:19
19	Q. Do you know anybody else at Hot 97, other	12:32:30
20	than Nas sorry, withdrawn.	12:32:33
21	Do you know anybody at Hot 97, other than	12:32:36
22	Flex?	12:32:39
23	A. Yes.	12:32:44
24	Q. Who?	12:32:44
25	A. People that work at the station.	12:32:45

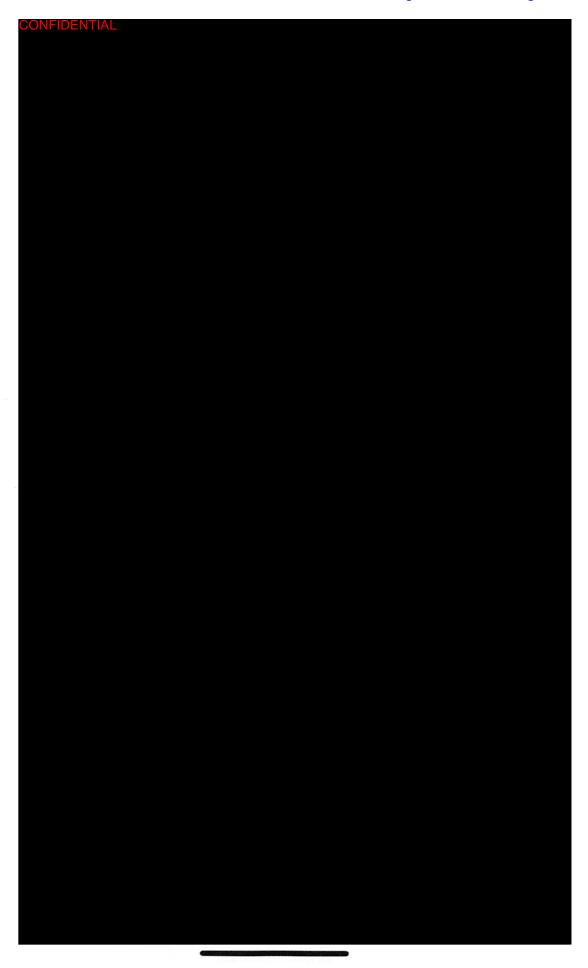
#### Case 2:18-cv-09088-VAP-SS Document 55 Filed 08/17/20 Page 66 of 128 Page ID #:721

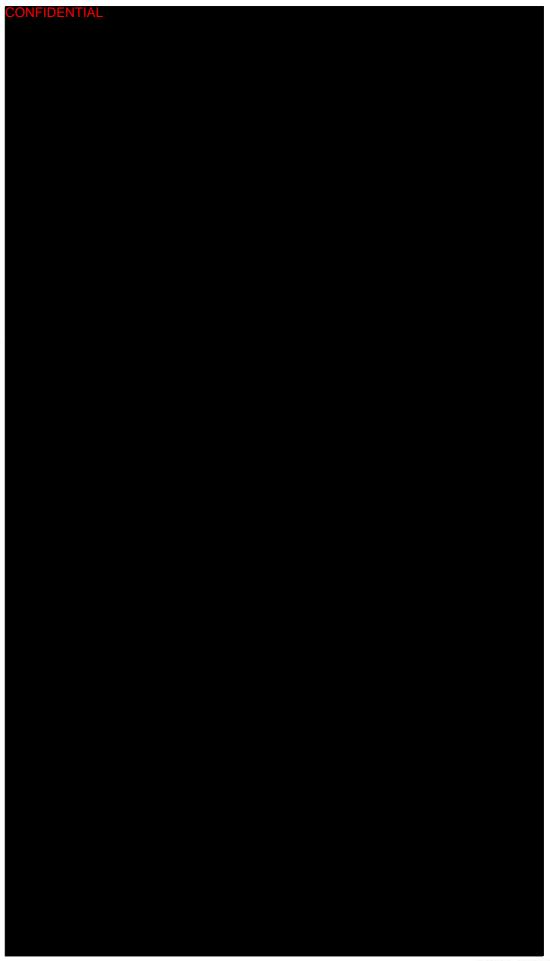
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2	COUNTY OF)		
3			
4			
5	DEPONENT'S DECLARATION		
6			
7	I certify under penalty of perjury that		
8	the foregoing is true and correct, with addition of		
9	correction page, if any corrections are made.		
10			
11			
12			
13	Executed at {city>>>}on		
14	{date>>>}		
15			
16			
17			
18			
19	ONIKA TANYA MARAJ		
20	(Signature of Deponent)		
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			

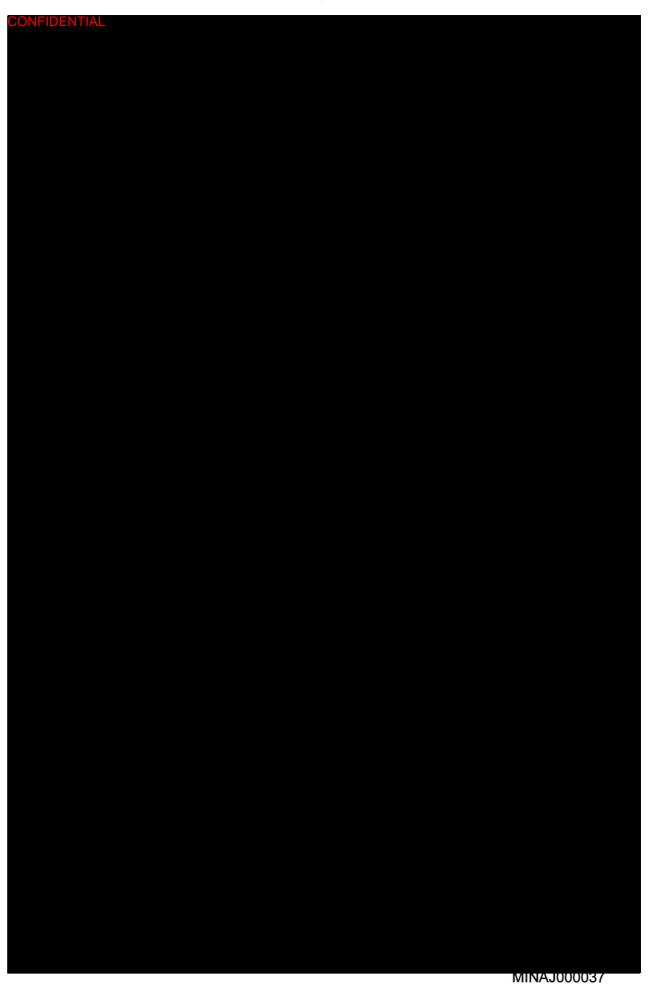
[REDACTED] EXHIBIT D

CONFIDENTIAL **EXHIBIT** 









[REDACTED] EXHIBIT E

## **CERTIFIED COPY**

## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

TRACY CHAPMAN,	)	
	)	
PLAINTIFF,	)	
	)	
VS.	)	CASE NO. 2:18-CV-09088-VAP-SS
	)	
ONIKA TANYA MARAJ P/K/A	)	
NICKI MINAJ AND DOES 1-10,	)	
	)	
DEFENDANTS.	)	
	_)	

## DEPOSITION OF ASTON GEORGE TAYLOR Taken on February 11, 2020



		Page 1
UNITED STATES DIS	STRICT COURT	
CENTRAL DISTRICT (	OF CALIFORNIA	
TRACY CHAPMAN,  Plaintiff,  -v-  ONIKA TANYA MARAJ p/k/a NICKI MINAJ and DOES 1-19,  Defendants.	) ) ) Civil Action No: ) 2:18-cv-09088-VAP-SS ) ) ) ) )	
VIDEOTAPED DE	POSITION OF	
ASTON GEORGE		
TAKEN ON TUESDAY, FE	EBRUARY II, 2020	
BY: DARBY GINSBERG, F	RPR	

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Page 2
 1
             UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
 2
            CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
 3
 4
     TRACY CHAPMAN,
 5
           Plaintiff,
                               ) Civil Action No:
                               ) 2:18-cv-09088-VAP-SS
 6
          -v-
 7
     ONIKA TANYA MARAJ p/k/a
     NICKI MINAJ
     and DOES 1-19,
 9
           Defendants.
10
11
12
13
          DEPOSITION of ASTON GEORGE TAYLOR,
     taken on behalf of the Plaintiff, at 7 Times
14
15
     Square, New York, New York, commencing at
16
     9:41 a.m. and ending at 4:01 p.m., Tuesday,
     February 11, 2020, before Darby Ginsberg,
17
18
     Registered Professional Reporter and Notary
     Public of the State of New York, pursuant to
19
20
     Notice.
21
22
23
24
25
```

```
Page 3
 1
 2.
     APPEARANCES:
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           lizmcnamara@dwt.com
           adamlazier@dwt.com
21
22
     ALSO PRESENT:
     MICHAEL SPAZIANI, Legal Video Specialist
23
     PIO FERRO
24
25
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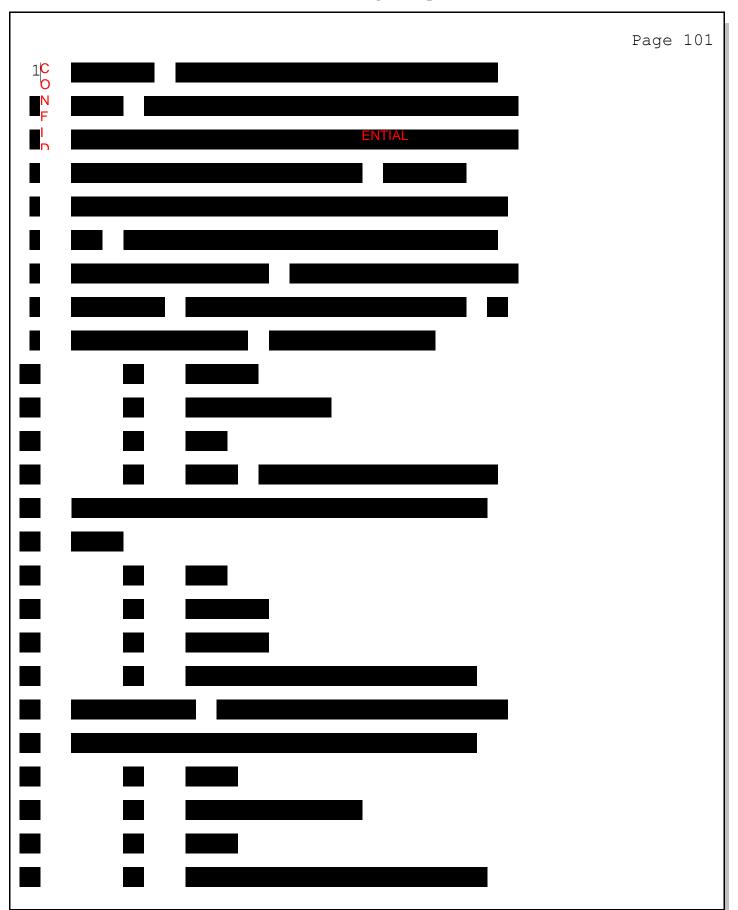
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2	WITNESS:			
3				
4	ASTON GEORGE	TAYLOR		
5	EXAMINATION		PAGE	
6	BY MR. G	ATTI	7	
7	BY MR. M	IITCHELL	226	
8	BY MR. G	ATTI	313	
9	BY MR. M	IITCHELL	321	
10	BY MR. G	ATTI	323	
11				
12		EXHIBIT	S	
13	NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	PAGE	
14	Exhibit 127	subpoena	16	
15	Exhibit 128	subpoena to pro	duce	
16		documents	38	
17	Exhibit 129	document Bates		
18	numbered Flex 000013			
19		through 000015	100	
20	Exhibit 130 one-page document			
21		Bates numbered	Flex	
22		000002	160	
23	Exhibit 131	document Bates	numbered	
24		Flex 000001	175	
25	Exhibit 132	Instagram post	179	

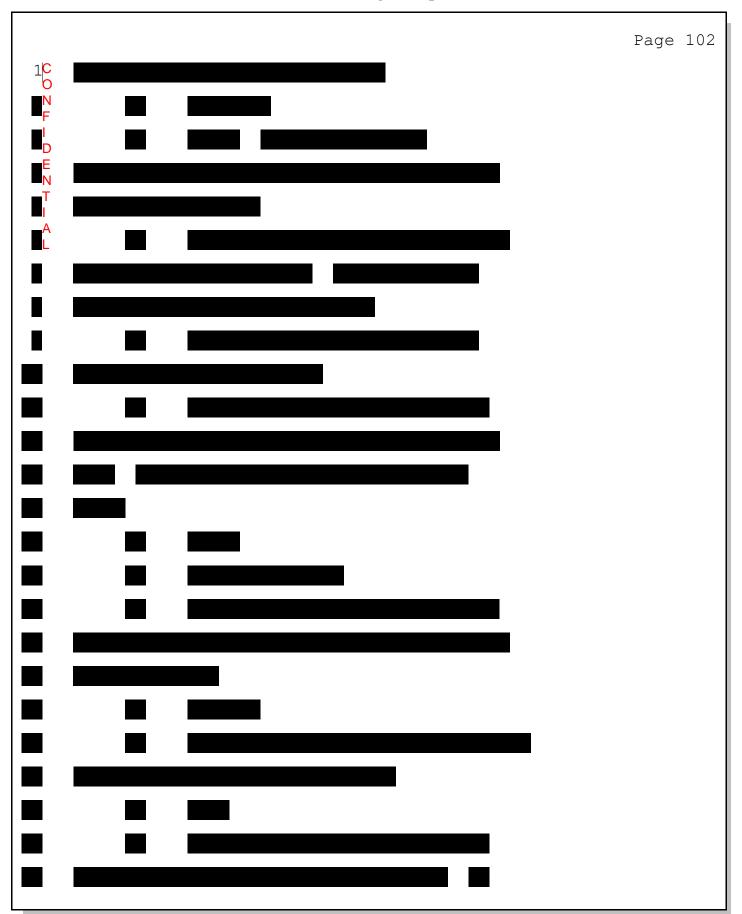
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4		stamped Flex 00003	182	
5	Exhibit 134	document Bates stamped	l	
6		Flex 4	186	
7	Exhibit 135	document Bates stamped	l	
8		Flex 000005	190	
9	Exhibit 136	one-page document Flex		
10		Bates stamp 6	198	
11	Exhibit 137	printout Bates stamped	l	
12		MS1	205	
13	Exhibit 138	printout of Hot 97		
14		app page	209	
15	Exhibit 139	document Bates stamped	l	
16		Flex 7	212	
17	Exhibit 140	document Flex Bates		
18		stamped 8	222	
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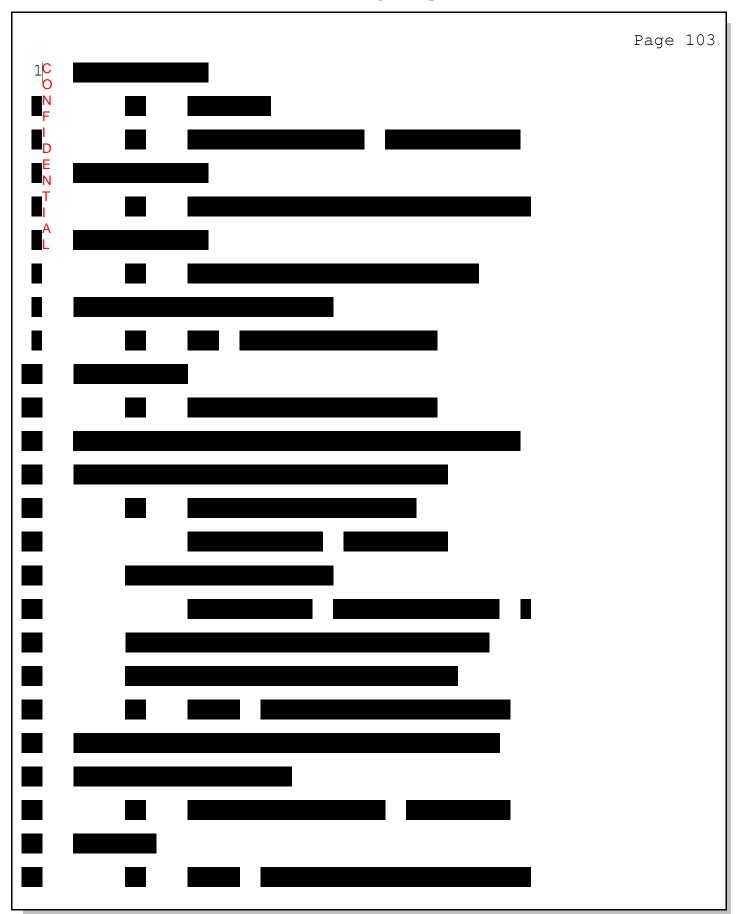
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Page 6
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                  NEW YORK, NEW YORK,
 2
              TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 2020
 3
                      AT 9:41 A.M.
 4
                  ASTON GEORGE TAYLOR,
 5
                having been duly sworn,
        was examined and testified as follows:
 6
 7
                 (Reporter's opening statement)
                THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Good morning.
 8
 9
          My name is Michael Spaziani. I am a
10
          certified legal video specialist
11
          working with eLitigation Services.
12
          am neither a relative nor employee of
13
          any of the parties and have no
14
          financial interest in the outcome of
          this action.
15
16
                Today's date is February 11,
17
          2020, and the current time is 9:41.
18
          This is the videotaped deposition of
19
          Aston George Taylor. The case number
20
          is Civil Action Number 2:18-cv-09008-
21
          VAP-SS, and the entitled case matter is
22
          Tracy Chapman versus Onika Tanya Maraj.
23
          This deposition is being taken on
24
          behalf of the plaintiff. We are now on
25
          the record.
```

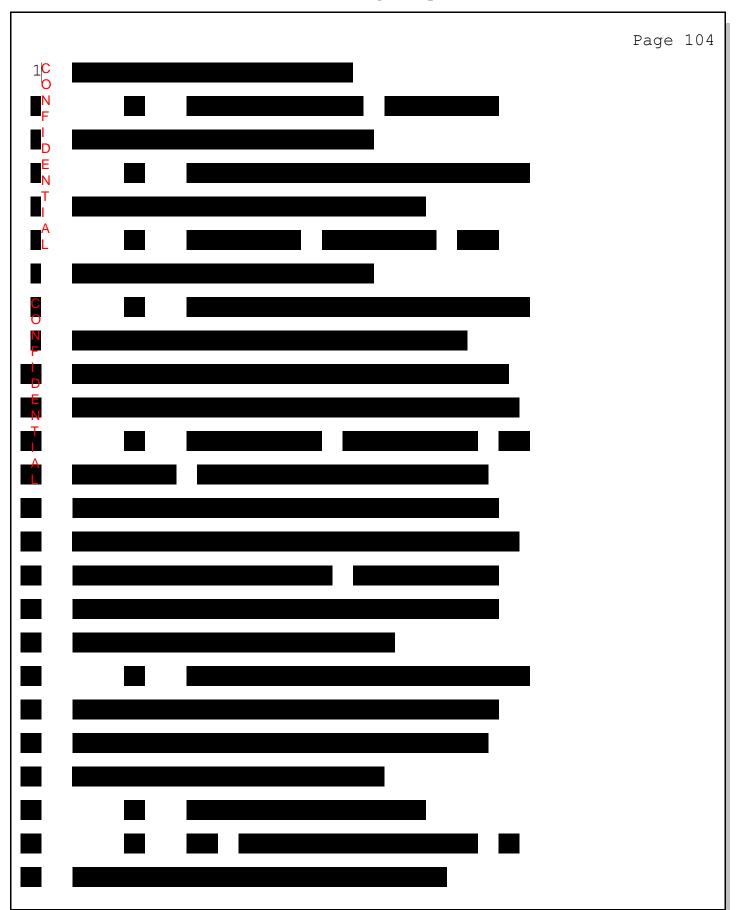
```
Page 96
 1
     7:00 but I just do that for people to tune
     in and listen. So it would happen in --
 2
 3
     you know, somewhere in there.
                Okav. And I think we established
 4
          Ο.
 5
     earlier that you did, in fact, at some
 6
     point receive a copy of the song Sorry,
 7
     correct?
 8
          Α.
                Yes.
                That's yes?
 9
10
          Α.
                Yes.
11
                Okay. And, again, I am not going
    to go over things again, but can you tell
12
    me, to the best of your recollection, if
13
14
    you know --
              Uh-huh.
15
          A.
16
               -- the form that you received it
          Q.
17
    in? Was it a direct message? Was it a
18
    text? Was it an email? Do you have any
19
     recollection?
20
               It was text.
         A.
21
          Q.
               Okay. To your phone?
22
         A.
               I think so.
23
               Okay. Do you only have one cell
          Q.
     phone?
24
25
          Α.
                Yes.
```

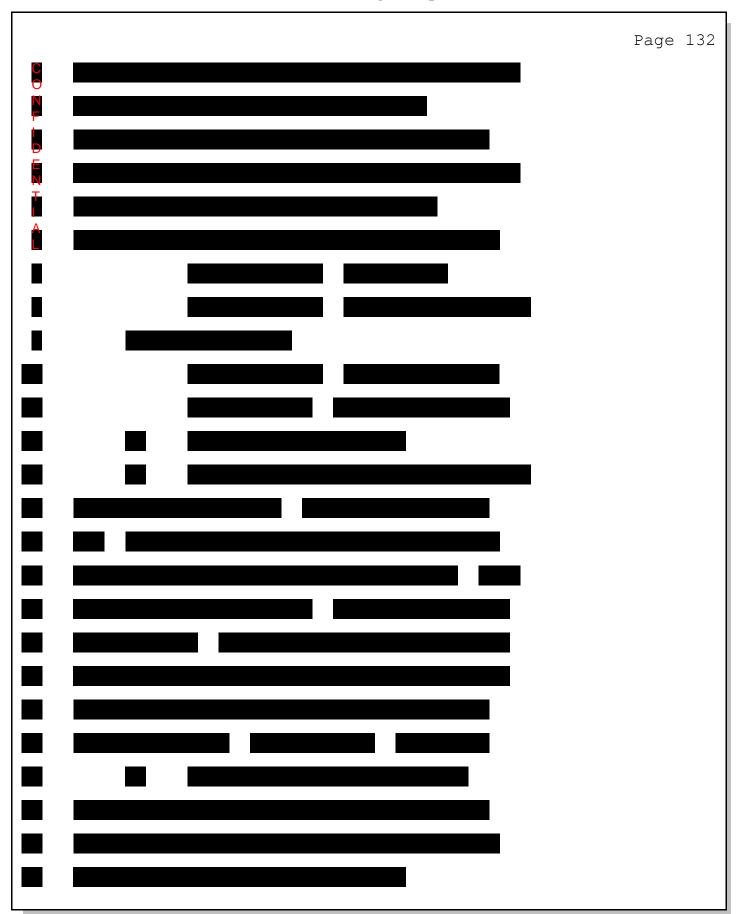
```
Page 100
1
                MR. GATTI: Let me mark as the
2
         next exhibit, which will be 129. It is
 3
         three pages of documents Bates numbered
         Flex 000013 through 000015. We will
4
5
         mark this as 129.
6
                (Exhibit 129, document Bates)
7
          numbered Flex 000013 through 000015,
8
          marked for Identification.)
9
               I am going to ask you,
          Q.
10
    Mr. Taylor, if you could just take just a
11
     quick glance at the three pages and ask you
    some questions about it.
12
13
          A.
               Uh-huh.
14
                First off, those numbers I have
          Q.
15
     referred to, I will represent to you that
     these are documents that have been produced
16
     by you in connection with the subpoena that
17
18
     was served on you.
19
                Uh-huh.
          Α.
20
                Do you -- taking a look at these,
21
     do you recall or do you recognize these
22
     documents?
23
          Α.
                Yeah.
24
```

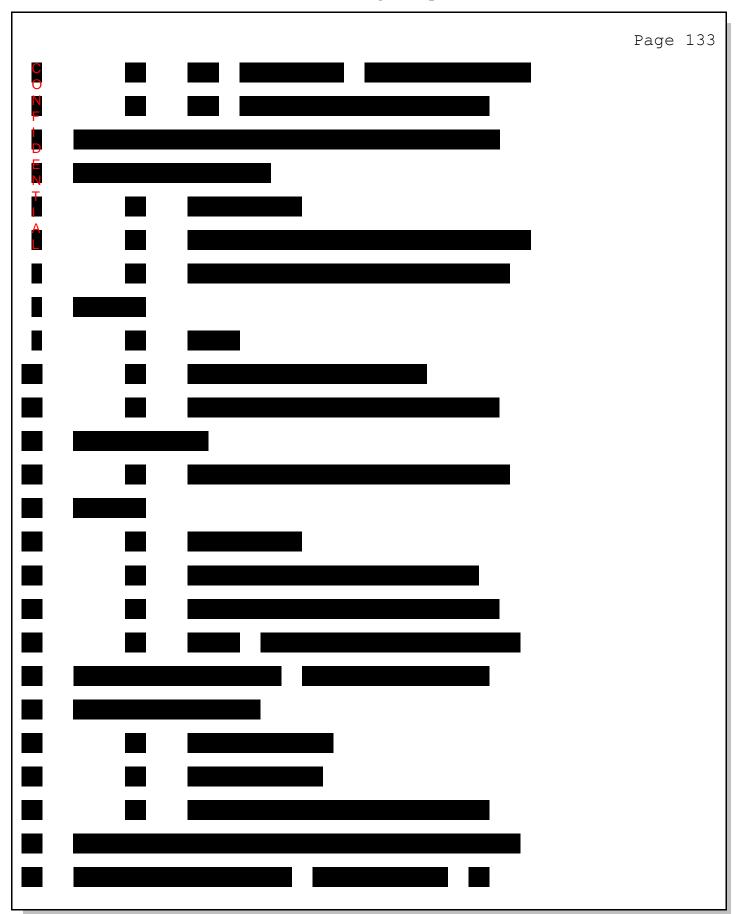












Page 155

- 1 in a little different section. This was
- 2 really to whoever was following me.
- 3 Whoever was following me.
- 4 Q. Do you know if Ms. Minaj was
- 5 following you at that time?
- 6 A. You know something? This is when
- 7 you said, I don't -- I don't know. I don't
- 8 think -- I don't know. I don't know.
- 9 Q. Did you have -- as of August 11,
- 10 2018, you -- at or about 7:00 p.m. or
- 11 thereafter, you broadcast the song Sorry
- 12 and premiered it --
- 13 A. Uh-huh.
- 14 Q. -- as you testified to. You
- don't need to go over that, but did you
- 16 have any communications with Ms. Minaj
- 17 after August 11th?
- 18 A. After August 11th?
- 19 Q. After premiered.
- 20 A. I know she came to the show at
- 21 some point or I went to Queen Radio. I
- 22 went to her -- I don't know which one
- 23 happened first.
- Q. After you premiered the song
- 25 Sorry on August 11, 2018, on your show, did

```
Page 160
     don't know if I am using the right word.
 1
 2
                Did the song Sorry, after you
 3
     broadcast it, was linked to Hot 97's
     website, correct?
 5
                I don't know. I'm not sure.
             Are you aware that the song
 6
 7
     was -- went viral on the Internet?
 8
          Α.
               I --
 9
                MR. MITCHELL: Object to the form
10
         of the question.
11
                THE WITNESS: I'm not sure.
12
          Q.
               Are you aware of any response to
     your show, good or bad? The show that --
13
14
     the show that premiered Sorry.
15
                I do a lot, so, you know, it's
     not -- it's -- I don't remember. I don't
16
     remember. I don't at the time.
17
18
                MR. GATTI: Let me mark as the
19
         next exhibit, which will be 130. The
20
          document is a one-page document Bates
21
         numbered Flex 000002.
22
               (Plaintiff's Exhibit 130,
23
         one-page document Bates numbered Flex
24
         000002, marked for Identification.)
25
          Q. I just want to -- as you are
```

```
Page 161
1
    looking at it, I just wanted to ask you if
    you recognize this document.
2
3
         A. Yes. My Tweet.
              Okay. I was going to say, this
4
         0.
5
    is a Tweet from Funk Flex; is that correct?
6
         A.
             Correct. Yes.
7
              Do you recall after you see it,
         Q.
8
    that you Tweeted this message?
9
               Well, it was actually a repost
         A.
10
    from my Instagram. So as I put on my
11
    Instagram, it went through my Twitter at
    the same time.
12
13
         Q. And just for the record, it says,
14
    "Shhh!!!! TONIGHT 7:00 p.m.!!! Nicki gave
15
    me something!!! @ Nicki Minaj featuring ft
16
    @Nas. (Not on her album). Going to stop
    the city tonight." With many exclamation
17
18
    points, and it's a reference to Instagram
19
    at the bottom.
20
               Is that a -- what you were
21
    saying, that was a --
22
         A.
               Post. So there is probably a
23
    picture associated with it on the Gram.
24
         Ο.
              Okay. And it was reTweeted, as
     it says, 1,030 times. You don't have any
25
```

```
Page 171
 1
     your possession, correct?
 2
          Α.
                When I posted this?
 3
          Ο.
                Yeah.
          Α.
                Yes.
 5
          Q.
                Okay. Do you recall when in the
 6
     time period between Ms. Minaj asking for
7
     your -- for you to text your mobile number
 8
     to her on August 10th and 1:55 p.m. on
     August 11th, when you actually received
9
10
     possession of the song Sorry?
11
                From -- you are saying if I -- if
12
     she --
13
                I am saying -- no, I am just
          Q.
14
     saying: Between the time that Ms. Minaj --
15
          A .
                I'm not sure. I'm not sure on
16
     that. But I definitely -- somewhere in
17
     between before this because I definitely
18
     Tweet this after I got it.
19
          0.
                Okay. So I am correct; so
20
     between the time on August 10th that
21
     Ms. Minaj direct messaged you asking for
22
     your -- your cell phone number and you
     provided it to her, and 1:55 p.m. on August
23
24
     11, 2018, you came into possession of the
25
     song Sorry, correct?
```

```
Page 182
               Let me mark as Exhibit 133, it's
1
 2
         a document Flex 00003 Bates number.
3
         One-page document.
4
               (Exhibit 133, one-page document)
 5
         Bates stamped Flex 00003, marked for
6
         Identification.)
7
               THE WITNESS: Uh-huh.
8
         0.
              Just after looking at this
9
     document, again, is that your Twitter
10
    account name and picture in the top left
11
    corner?
12
         A.
              Yes.
13
               Okay. And this one is now at --
         0.
14
    timestamped 2:34 on August 11, 2018?
         A.
              Uh-huh.
15
16
               Which was approximately about
         Q.
17
    40 minutes after your previous Twitter post
18
    we talked about; is that correct?
19
         A.
            Uh-huh. Yes.
              Do you -- can you tell me why
20
         0.
21
    there is an -- it's another post of the
22
    same -- of the prior posting?
23
         A. It's the same thing? I mean, I
24
    might Twitter. Okay. So sometimes the way
25
    that Facebook is, you may see a couple of
```

Page 183 1 Tweets more than once. Sometimes it just does it. I mean, I would have wanted it to 2 3 go out more than once. Q. And I will show you the post in 4 5 the prior exhibit, and the post in this 6 exhibit appear to be exactly the same 7 instead of spelling Nicki with a "Y" in the 8 previous post, and I can show you your 9 spelling? 10 **A**. Might be an "I"? 11 **Q.** Yes, when you say Nicki gave me something, now it's spelled with an "I." 12 13 Α. It's not spelled with an I. 14 MS. McNAMARA: This is with an 15 "T" too. 16 MR. GATTI: The other one. 17 MS. McNAMARA: Oh, the other one 18 is a "Y." I am sorry. THE WITNESS: I am not sure. I 19 20 might have corrected it. 21 MS. McNAMARA: Oh. THE WITNESS: I don't know. 22 23 Again, you are the only one Q. controlling these submissions, these 24

25

postings?

```
Page 194
     my section, so I would have had to have
 1
 2
     sent it to the guy running the board. I
 3
     would have had to send it to the guy who
 4
     has my computer.
 5
                Who are those individuals? Who
     ran the board?
 6
 7
          Α.
                I'm not sure who was running it
 8
     that day, but I probably sent it to Tat,
     and he probably sent it to whoever -- if he
 9
10
     wasn't, he would send it to whoever is
11
     running it. I mean, it will take it
12
     through like three or four people.
13
                And who had your computer you
          0.
14
    said?
15
          A .
               A guy HR.
16
          Q.
               Who is that?
17
         A.
               Former intern.
18
         Q.
               What's his name?
               HR. It really is the letter "H"
19
         A.
20
     and letter "R."
21
                Do you know him by any other name
          Q.
22
     other than HR?
23
         A.
                I just know him as --
24
          Q.
                Was he hired by the station or
25
     directly by you?
```

```
Page 210
 1
          app page, marked for Identification.)
 2
                For the record, it's Exhibit 9,
          Q.
 3
     number 9. Just looking at this, do you
     have any recollection of what this is?
 5
          Α.
                It looks like it's a Hot 97 app;
 6
     is that correct.
 7
          Q.
                That is a printout of the Hot 97
 8
     app page.
             Uh-huh.
 9
          Α.
10
                And there is a reference to your
          0.
11
     show.
12
          Α.
                Uh-huh.
                And it says, halfway through --
13
     down it says, "Funk Flex mix premier of
14
     Nicki Minaj and Nas."
15
16
          Α.
               Yep.
17
              And it shows an air date of
          Q.
     Saturday, August 11, 2018, at 7:00 p.m.
18
     Eastern Time; is that --
19
20
          A.
               Pow.
21
               -- accurate to your reflection as
          Q.
22
    to when the premier occurred?
23
          A.
               Yeah.
24
                Do you know if through this app
          Q.
25
     Sorry was posted on the Hot 97 app? Can
```

Page 212 accessed through the link, through the app? 1 2 I think the mix, meaning that it 3 may be within nine or ten records, but it's -- it's there, you know. 5 Ο. Uh-huh? 6 Α. It would be -- it's never usually -- I don't think -- it never goes 7 8 to a song. It goes to a mix or it probably take -- if I played that song for seven 9 10 minutes, it probably has a 30-minute mix of songs I played before and after. I think. 11 12 That's usually. 13 I understand. Thanks. Ο. 14 After you received a copy of the 15 song Sorry, did you send it to anyone else? When I -- well, the board 16 operator on my computer, HR and Tat. 17 18 Ο. Okay. Anybody else you recall 19 sending this out to? 20 I don't recall sending it to Α. 21 anyone. 22 (Exhibit 139, document Bates) 23 stamped Flex 7, marked for 24 Identification.) 25 MR. GATTI: Let me mark as 139,

```
Page 213
1
         Flex document number 7. It's a
 2
         one-page document. It has a reference
3
         to some redacting. It is a -- from DJ
4
         HR to Funk dated August 11, 2018, at
 5
         4:48 p.m. Eastern Time.
 6
         Q.
              So DJ HR,
7
    DJheavyrotation@GMail.com. Do you see
8
    that?
9
         A.
             Same person, yes.
10
         Q.
              So that's the HR person who you
11
    were referring to?
12
         A.
              Uh-huh.
13
              You had at the bottom there what
         0.
14
    appears to be a message, an email from you,
    DJ Funk Flex@GMail.com wrote, "Don't email"
15
16
    to anyone," and then there is an attachment
17
    to a document, which is entitled
18
    Sorry72518master. Mp3; do you see that?
19
         A.
             Yes.
              And it's signed or at least at
20
         0.
21
    the end it says Funk Flex? Do you recall
    sending this email to DJ HR?
22
23
              Yep. I remember.
         A.
24
         Q.
             And was it sent on or about
25
    August 11 at 2:43 p.m. on 2018?
```

```
Page 214
1
         A.
               I am not sure of the time, but I
2
    sent it.
3
               Do you have any reason to doubt
         Q.
4
    it was sent at that time?
5
         A.
               No.
6
         Q.
               Okay. Did you and DJ HR have any
7
    discussions about sending it to him?
8
         A.
               No.
9
               What was the purpose for you
         Q.
    sending it to DJ HR?
10
11
         A.
               So he could put it in my
12
    computer.
13
               And was that in preparation for
         Q.
14
    the show broadcast?
15
               It plays out of my computer in
16
    the mix booth.
               You said, "Don't email to
17
         Q.
18
    anyone." What did you mean by that?
19
               That, you know, I just don't want
         A.
     any -- I don't want the other stations to
20
21
    get it.
22
          0.
                How did you know that anybody you
23
     were getting this recording of Sorry from
     wasn't already talking to another station?
24
25
          Α.
                That's why I got to get it on
```

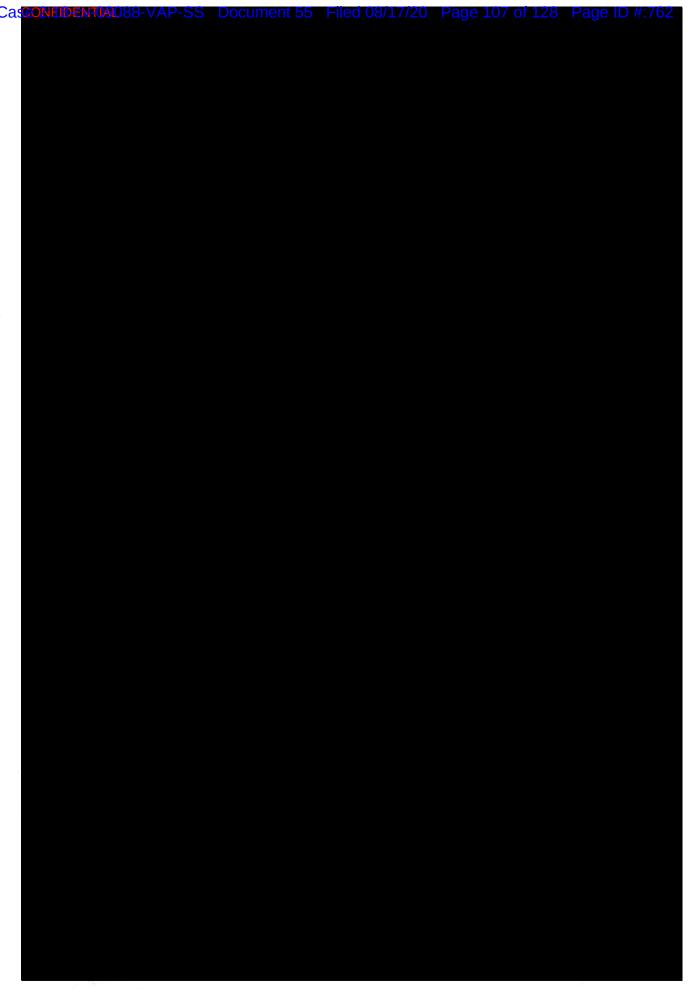
```
Page 315
 1
          Α.
                No.
 2
          Q.
                Okay.
 3
                Uh-uh.
          Α.
4
          Q.
                Were you ever contacted by anyone
5
     regarding an investigation into how Sorry
6
    was leaked to you?
7
         A.
                No.
 8
          Ο.
                You said that it was your
     understanding that Nas didn't want the --
 9
10
     you had heard, I think you said, that Nas
11
     didn't want the song Sorry to come out?
12
                Well, I just know that I heard
     that he didn't want -- I heard that he just
13
14
     didn't want to be rapping with her. It
15
     wasn't a particular song.
                Who did you hear that from?
16
17
     you recall?
18
          Α.
                I mean, you know, these rappers,
     just, you know, people, people who are in
19
20
     the business that, you know, look, it made
21
     him look mushy. Regardless, it's his
22
     image.
23
                Okay. With respect to these
24
     interns and bloggers that work with you, is
25
     it -- do you recall if any one of those
```

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of New York that the foregoing is true and correct. Dated this 18th day of February, 2019 

		Page	325
1	February 11, 2020		
2			
3	ERRATA		
4			
5	PAGE/LINE CHANGE/REASON		
6			
7			
8			
9			
10	<del></del>		
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			

1		Page	326
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8	ASTON GEORGE TAYLOR		
9			
10			Sec.
11			
12	Subscribed and sworn to		
13	before me this day		
14	of 2020		
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			

[REDACTED] EXHIBIT F



CONFIDENTIAL FLEX 000014

NICKI MINAJ and DOES 1-10,

Defendants.

MANATT, PHELPS &

PHILLIPS, LLP

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

LOS ANGELES

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

STIPULATION AND CONFIDENTIALITY AND PROTECTIVE ORDER Plaintiff Tracy Chapman ("Plaintiff") and Defendant Onika Tanya Maraj p/k/a Nicki Minaj ("Defendant") (collectively with Plaintiff, "Parties"), by and through their respective counsel of record, hereby stipulate and request that the Court issue a Protective Order pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c) to protect the confidentiality of certain documents, information, and things that may be disclosed during discovery or other proceedings in this action as follows:

#### 1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS.

Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are anticipated to involve the production of confidential, proprietary, or private information, including trade secrets and confidential financial information, for which special protection from disclosure to the public and from the use for any purpose other than the prosecution and defense of this litigation would be warranted. Accordingly, the Parties hereby stipulate to and petition the Court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosure or responses to discovery, and that the protection it affords extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled under the applicable legal principles to treatment as confidential. The Parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 12, below (FILING PROTECTED MATERIAL), that this Stipulated Protective Order does not entitle them to file confidential information under seal; Local Civil Rule 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must be followed and the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material under seal.

Good Cause Statement: This Action is likely to involve confidential intellectual property and other valuable commercial, financial, and/or proprietary information for which special protection from public disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecution of this action is warranted. Such confidential and proprietary materials and information consist of, among other things, confidential business or financial information, information regarding confidential

business practices, or other confidential intellectual property or commercial information (including information implicating privacy rights of third parties), information otherwise generally unavailable to the public, or which may be privileged or otherwise protected from disclosure under state or federal statutes, court rules, case decisions, or common law. Accordingly, to expedite the flow of information, to facilitate the prompt resolution of disputes over confidentiality of discovery materials, to adequately protect information the parties are entitled to keep confidential, to ensure that the parties are permitted reasonable necessary uses of such material in preparation for and in the conduct of trial, to address their handling at the end of the litigation, and serve the ends of justice, a protective order for such information is justified in this matter. It is the intent of the parties that information will not be designated as confidential for tactical reasons, and that nothing be so designated without a good faith belief that it has been maintained in a confidential, non-public manner, and there is good cause why it should not be part of the public record of this case.

#### 2. **DEFINITIONS.**

- 2.1. <u>Action</u>: the above-captioned pending federal lawsuit.
- 2.2. <u>Party or Parties</u>: the above-named Parties to this litigation, all predecessors or successors thereof, all past or present divisions, business units, subsidiaries or affiliates, and any of their officers, directors, employees, and/or agents.
- 2.3. <u>Non-Party or Non-Parties</u>: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, other legal entity, including, but not limited to, their past or present divisions, business units, subsidiaries or affiliates, and any of their officers, directors, employees, and/or agents, who are not named as a Party to this Action.
- 2.4. <u>Disclosure or Discovery Material</u>: all items or information, regardless of the medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including,

among other things, testimony, transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or generated in disclosures or responses to discovery in this Action.

- Confidential Information: the term "Confidential Information" shall refer to information (regardless of how generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under standards developed under Federal Rules of Civil Procedure Rule 26(c), including, but not limited to the following: trade secrets; other confidential and proprietary technical, research, or development information; commercial, financial, marketing, budgeting and/or accounting information; information about existing and potential customers or clients, marketing studies, performance, and projections; business strategies, decisions and/or negotiations; personnel compensation, evaluations and other employment information; personal information; confidential information about the musical compositions and/or sound recordings at issue in this action; confidential and proprietary information about affiliates, parents, subsidiaries and/or individuals/entities with whom the Parties to this action have or have had business relationships; and other information, including, but not limited to certain confidential contracts and/or agreements, the disclosure of which would be detrimental to that Party and/or the conduct of that Party's business or the business of that Party's customers or clients.
- 2.6. Confidential Information Attorneys' Eyes Only: the term "Confidential Information Attorneys' Eyes Only" shall refer to Confidential Information for which there is a reasonable and good faith basis to believe that such information, if disclosed to a Party, would be likely to cause actual and material harm to the designating party, including, but not limited to, disclosure of trade secrets or other highly sensitive, non-public information. "Confidential Information Attorneys' Eyes Only" is included within the meaning of "Confidential Information" as used in this Order, and all provisions of this Order that apply to "Confidential Information" also shall apply to "Confidential

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Information – Attorneys' Eyes Only", with such additional protections that are expressly afforded to "Confidential Information – Attorneys' Eyes Only".

- 2.7. <u>Producing Party and Designating Party</u>: the Party (and its Counsel) that is supplying information to any other Party or any non-party that is supplying information to any Party.
- 2.8. <u>Receiving Party and Non-Designating Party</u>: the Party (and its Counsel) who is receiving information from any other Party or non-party.
- 2.9. Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as a consultant in this action, and who is not a past or a current employee of a Party or of a competitor of a Party and who, at the time of retention, is not anticipated to become an employee of a Party or a competitor of a Party. This definition includes a professional jury or trial consultant retained in connection with this Action.
  - 2.10. <u>Counsel</u>: the lawyers of record for each of the Parties in this Action.
- 2.11. <u>Professional Vendors</u>: persons or entities that provide litigation support services (e.g., photocopying; videotaping; translating; preparing exhibits or demonstratives; organizing; storing; retrieving data in any form or medium), and their employees and subcontractors.
- 2.12. <u>Protected Material</u>: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as "Confidential" or "Confidential Attorneys' Eyes Only" pursuant to this Stipulated Protective Order.

## 3. SCOPE.

The protections conferred by this Stipulated Protective Order cover not only Protected Material (as defined above), but also any information copied, derived, or extracted therefrom, as well as all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations thereof, plus testimony, conversations, or presentations by parties or counsel to or in court or in other settings that might reveal Protected Material. The protections

conferred by this Stipulated Protective Order do not cover the following information: (a) any information that is in the public domain at the time of disclosure to a Receiving Party or becomes part of the public domain after its disclosure to a Receiving Party as a result of publication not involving a violation of this Order, including becoming part of the public record through trial or otherwise; and (b) any information known to the Receiving Party prior to the disclosure or obtained by the Receiving Party after the disclosure from a source who obtained the information lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to the Designating Party.

Any use of Protected Material at trial shall be governed by the orders of the trial judge. This Order does not govern the use of Protected Material at trial.

#### 4. **DURATION**.

Even after final disposition of this Action, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this Stipulated Protective Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court order otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all claims and defenses in this Action, with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after the completion and exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this Action, including the time limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time pursuant to applicable law.

#### 5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL.

# 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Materials for Protection.

Each Party or non-party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. A Designating Party must take care to designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify – so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not

swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

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Mass, indiscriminate, routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown to be clearly unjustified, or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber or retard the case development process, or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties), will expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

If it comes to a Party's or a Non-Party's attention that information or items that it designated for protection do not qualify for protection at all, then that Party or Non-Party must promptly notify all other parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

- 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. It shall be the duty of the Designating Party seeking protection of Protected Material to indicate to the other Party and its Counsel which materials are to be considered "Confidential Information" or "Confidential Information – Attorneys' Eyes Only". Upon the entry of this Stipulated Protective Order, all documents produced in this proceeding that the Producing Party reasonably believes contain "Confidential Information" or "Confidential Information – Attorneys' Eyes Only" may be designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY", respectively. In addition, all portions of pleadings, answers to interrogatories, answers to requests for admissions, responses to requests for production of documents, expert reports, declarations, and deposition testimony and deposition exhibits that rely upon or reference documents and/or information designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" pursuant to this Stipulated Protective Order shall be subject to this Order as set forth below.
- (a) Designation of Protected Material in conformity with this Stipulated Protective Order requires:
  - (i) For documents and things, at the time of their production.

1	However, in the event a Producing Party elects to produce documents and things for		
2	inspection, no designation need be made prior to the inspection for "Confidential		
3	Information". For purposes of inspection, all documents shall be considered		
4	"CONFIDENTIAL" unless otherwise previously designated as "CONFIDENTIAL		
5	- ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY". Upon a request for copying, the Producing Party		
6	shall designate such documents and things as "CONFIDENTIAL" or		
7	"CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" pursuant to the provisions of		
8	this Protective Order;		
9	(ii) For answers to interrogatories, answers to requests for		
10	admissions, responses to requests for production of documents, and expert reports,		
11	at the time they are provided to the other Parties;		
12	(iii) For declarations and pleadings, at the time of their filing;		
13	and		
14	(iv) For deposition testimony and/or deposition exhibits, at the		
15	time of the testimony or within thirty (30) business days after the Designating Party		
16	receives the transcript of the deposition. Until such time period expires, the		
17	deposition testimony and/or deposition exhibits shall be treated as "Confidential		
18	Information" unless otherwise specified in writing or on the record of the		
19	deposition.		
20	(b) The designation of "Confidential Information" and		
21	"Confidential Information – Attorneys' Eyes Only" shall be made in the following		
22	manner:		
23	(i) For documents produced in response to a discovery		
24	request, by placing a legend of "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL –		
25	ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" on each page of such documents, or, if not		
26	practicable or if doing so might damage the document, image or other things, as		
27	otherwise agreed by the Parties and/or Non-Party;		
28	(ii) For tangible objects, by placing a label or tag with a		

1	legend of "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES
2	ONLY" on the object or the container for the object, or if not practicable, as
3	otherwise agreed by the Parties and/or non-party;
4	(iii) For answers to interrogatories, answers to requests for
5	admissions, responses to requests for production of documents, expert reports and
6	declarations, by placing a legend of "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL –
7	ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" on the face of such responses, declarations or
8	reports;
9	(iv) For pleadings, by placing a legend of "CONFIDENTIAL"
10	or "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" on the face of such
11	pleading; and
12	(v) For deposition testimony and/or exhibits, following
13	designation pursuant to paragraph 5.2(a)(iv) above, all copies of deposition
4	transcripts that contain information or material designated as "Confidential
15	Information" or "Confidential Information – Attorneys' Eyes Only" shall include
16	the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES
17	ONLY" on the cover thereof. All labels, legends and tags, as above stated, shall be
8	in a place or manner that avoids any interference with the legibility of the material.
19	5.3 <u>Inadvertent Failures to Designate</u> . If corrected within a reasonable
20	time, a Producing Party does not waive the right to designate material as
21	"CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" by
22	inadvertently failing to designate it as such before producing the same to the
23	Receiving Party. After being notified of the inadvertent failure, the Receiving Party
24	must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before
25	being notified, and to have any person who received the material sign the
26	"Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A), and must make
27	reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with the
28	provisions of this Order.

5.4 <u>Right to Re-Designate</u>. A Designating Party retains the right subsequently to re-designate materials and to require such documents to be treated in accordance with such designations from that time forward by providing written notice to all other Parties.

## 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS.

- 6.1 <u>Timing of Challenges</u>. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party's confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic burdens, or a later significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a party does not waive its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the original designation is disclosed. Accordingly, any Party or Non-Party may challenge a designation of confidentiality at any time that is consistent with the Court's Scheduling Order.
- 6.2 Meet and Confer. A Party that elects to initiate a challenge to a Designating Party's confidentiality designation must do so in good faith and must begin the process by conferring directly (as required by Local Civil Rule 37-1), with counsel for the Designating Party. In conferring, the challenging Party must explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality designation was not proper and must give the Designating Party an opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen designation.
- 6.3 <u>Judicial Intervention</u>. The burden of persuasion in any challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating Party. Until the Court rules on the challenge, all parties shall continue to afford the material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the challenging party to sanctions.

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#### 7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL.

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7.1 <u>Basic Principles</u>. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed or produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this Action only for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Stipulated Protective Order. When the litigation has been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of Section 13, below (FINAL DISPOSITION).

Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order.

- 7.2 <u>Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items</u>. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated CONFIDENTIAL only to:
- (a) the Receiving Party's Counsel of record in this Action, as well as employees of said Counsel (including, without limitation, any paralegal, clerical, or other assistant that such attorneys hire and assign to this matter) to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation, and all of whom are bound by the provisions of this Stipulated Protective Order;
- (b) the current and former officers, directors, and employees of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);
- (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);
  - (d) the Court and its personnel;

- (e) court reporters, their staffs, and Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);
- (f) professional jury or trial consultants and mock jurors, to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);
- (g) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary. Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material must be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order;
- (h) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information; and
- (i) any mediator or settlement officer, and their supporting personnel, mutually agreed upon by any of the Parties engaged in settlement discussions.
- 7.3 <u>Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS" EYES ONLY"</u>

  <u>Information or Items</u>. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may only disclose any information or item designated CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY to:
- (a) the Receiving Party's Counsel of record in this Action, as well as employees of said Counsel (including, without limitation, any paralegal, clerical, or other assistant that such attorneys hire and assign to this matter) to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation, and all of whom are bound by the provisions of this Stipulated Protective Order;
- (b) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the

1	"Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);		
2	(c) the Court and its personnel;		
3	(d) court reporters, their staffs, and Professional Vendors to whom		
4	disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the		
5	"Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);		
6	(e) professional jury or trial consultants and mock jurors, to whom		
7	disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have signed the		
8	"Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);		
9	(f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom		
10	disclosure is reasonably necessary. Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or		
11	exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material must be separately bound by		
12	the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under		
13	this Stipulated Protective Order;		
14	(g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information		
15	or a custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information;		
16	and		
17	(h) any mediator or settlement officer, and their supporting		
18	personnel, mutually agreed upon by any of the Parties engaged in settlement		
19	discussions.		
20	8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR		
21	ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION.		
22	If a Party is served with a subpoena or an order issued in other litigation that		
23	would compel disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as		
24	"CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY", the		
25	Receiving Party must:		
26	(a) promptly notify the Designating Party, in writing (by electronic		
27	mail, if possible) immediately and in no event more than three court days after		
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receiving the subpoena or order. Such notification must include a copy of the subpoena or court order;

- (b) promptly notify the Party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all the material covered by the subpoena or order is the subject of this Stipulated Protective Order, and deliver a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order promptly to the Party in the other action that caused the subpoena or order to issue; and
- (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.

The purpose of imposing these duties is to alert the interested parties to the existence of this Stipulated Protective Order and to afford the Designating Party in this case an opportunity to try to protect its confidentiality interests in the court from which the subpoena or order issued. The Designating Party shall bear the burdens and the expenses of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material – and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

# 9. A NON-PARTY'S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE PRODUCED IN THIS LITIGATION.

- (a) The terms of this Stipulated Protective Order are applicable to information produced by a Non-Party in this Action and designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY". Such information produced by Non-Parties in connection with this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief provided by this Stipulated Protective Order. Nothing in these provisions should be construed as prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking additional protections.
- (b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to produce a Non-Party's confidential information in its possession, and the Party is

- subject to an agreement with the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party's confidential information, then the Party shall:
- (i) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party that some or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality agreement with a Non-Party;
- (ii) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated Protective Order in this Action, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific description of the information requested; and
- (iii) make the information requested available for inspection by the Non-Party, if requested.
- (c) If the Non-Party fails to seek a protective order from this Court within 14 calendar days of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party may produce the Non-Party's confidential information responsive to the discovery request. If the Non-Party timely seeks a protective order, the Receiving Party shall not produce any information in its possession or control that is subject to the confidentiality agreement with the Non-Party before a determination by the Court. Absent a court order to the contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in this court of its Protected Material.

### 10. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL.

If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached here as Exhibit A.

# 11. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED MATERIAL

When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain inadvertently produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery order that provides for production without prior privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d) and (e), insofar as the parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a communication or information covered by the attorney-client privilege or work product protection, the parties may incorporate their agreement in the stipulated protective order submitted to the Court.

# 12. FILING PROTECTED MATERIAL.

Without written permission from the Designating Party or a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in the public record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected Material must comply with Local Civil Rule 79-5.

#### 13. FINAL DISPOSITION.

Unless otherwise ordered or agreed in writing by the Producing Party, within 60 days after the final termination of this action, each Receiving Party must either return all Protected Material to the Producing Party, or destroy all such Protected Material. As used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other form of reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the 60-day deadline that identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed and that affirms that the Receiving Party has not

1 retained any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or other forms of 2 reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. 3 Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival 4 copy of all pleadings, motion papers, transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence or attorney work product, even if such materials contain Protected Material. Any 5 6 such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected Materials remain subject to 7 this Protective Order as set forth in Section 4, above (DURATION). 8 14. MISCELLANEOUS. 9 14.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any 10 person to seek its modification by the Court in the future. 11 14.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to 12 disclosing or producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in 13 this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on 14 15 any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective Order. 16 17 This Stipulated Protective Order shall survive the final conclusion of 18 the Action, and the Court shall have jurisdiction to enforce this Stipulated 19 Protective Order beyond the conclusion of this Action. IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD 20 21 Dated: July 9, 2019 22 BROWNE GEORGE ROSS LLP MANATT, PHELPS & PHILLIPS, LLP 23 /s/ Peter W. Ross By: By: /s/ Robert A. Jacobs 24 25 26

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6	Fax: (310) 275-5697	Attorneys for Plaintiff	
7	Attorneys for Defendant	TRACY CHAPMAN	
8	Onika Tanya Maraj p/k/a Nicki Minaj		
9			
10			
11	LOCAL CIVIL RULE 5-4.3.4(a)(2)(i) CERTIFICATION		
12		that all other signatories listed above on	
13	whose behalf this filing is submitted con	cur in the filing's content and have	
14	authorized the filing.		
15			
16	FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN, IT IS	SO ORDERED.	
17	Hon. Suzanne H. Segal		
18	United States District Court Magistrate J	ludge	
19	Date: 7/10/19		
20	Butter (1710/1)		
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<ul><li>23</li><li>24</li><li>25</li></ul>			

MANATT, PHELPS & PHILLIPS, LLP
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
LOS ANGELES

1	EXHIBIT A
2	ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND
3	I, [print or type full name], of
4	[print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury
5	that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that
6	was issued by the United States District Court for the Central District of California
7	on [date] in the case of <i>Chapman v. Maraj</i> , Case No. 2:18-cv-09088-VAP -
8	SS. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated
9	Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could
10	expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly
11	promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that is
12	subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict
13	compliance with the provisions of this Order.
14	I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court
15	for the Central District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this
16	Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after
17	termination of this action.
18	I hereby appoint [print or type full name] of
19	[print or type full address and
20	telephone number] as my California agent for service of process in connection with
21	this action or any proceedings related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective
22	Order.
23	Date:
24	City and State where sworn and signed:
25	
26	Printed name:
27	Signature:
28	